Independent School District 199

Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011



The Washington Post



Simley High School was nationally ranked among America's top high schools by Newsweek and The Washington Post.





The U.S. Department of Education named the district's gifted and talented program, Atheneum, a Blue Ribbon school.





The Environmental Protection Agency labeled ISD 199 an ENERGY STAR Leader for the impact the district has made in reducing its energy consumption.





TIES awarded ISD 199's technology team with the Minnesota Technology Leadership Award.





The Minnesota Association of Secondary School Principals presented Simley with the **Star of Innovation Award** for the redesign of the school's Alternative Learning Program.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 199 INVER GROVE HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA

2990 – 80th Street East Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076

Prepared by Business Office

Bruce Rimstad • Business Manager

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SECTION I INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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IGH Middle School 8167 Cahill Avenue Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 651-306-7200 FAX 651-306-7152

Hilltop Elementary 3201 68th Street East Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 651-306-7400 FAX 651-306-7444

Pine Bend Elementary 9875 Inver Grove Trail Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 651-306-7701 FAX 651-306-7739

Salem Hills Elementary 5899 Babcock Trail Inver Grove Heights, MN 55077 651-306-7300 FAX 651-306-7321

> Community Education 1515 5th Avenue S. South St. Paul, MN 55075 651-306-3602 FAX 651-306-3640

> Kids' Choice 1515 5th Avenue S. South St. Paul, MN 55075 651-306-3631 FAX 651-306-3640

District Website www.invergrove.k12.mn.us

To the School Board, citizens, employees, and students of Inver Grove Heights Community Schools

INTRODUCTION

November 7, 2011

The following comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of Independent School District No. 199, Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota, also known as Inver Grove Heights Community Schools (the District), presents the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2011 and the results of its operations for the fiscal year then ended. This report is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and is audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. State law requires the District to publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of the District's fiscal year.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments." The reader of this CAFR will notice that the two main financial statements created by this standard, the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, do not contain numerous columns for various funds like the fund-based financial statements. These two statements consolidate much of the information contained in fund-based financial statements into statements which tend to answer the question: "Is the District better or worse off financially than it was the previous year?" A comparison of net assets should help the reader in answering that question.

Also required as part of required supplementary information by GASB Statement No. 34 is the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which allows the District to explain, in layman's terms, its financial position and results of its operations for the past fiscal year.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established internal controls. The internal controls are designed to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the presentation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not be more than the benefits, the District's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that these financial statements will be free of material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

These financial statements have been audited by Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosevich & Co., P.A. (MMKR), a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT AND STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited district's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The District is also required to undergo an annual Minnesota state legal compliance audit under Minnesota Statute § 6.65. These reports are available in a separate document.

REPORT FORMAT

This CAFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section contains this letter of transmittal, organizational chart, information on the School Board and administration, and the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award. The financial section contains the independent auditor's report, MD&A, basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules. The statistical section contains supplemental financial and other statistical data, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A of the District can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE DISTRICT'S PROFILE

The District was formed in 1957 as residents in the area realized the need for a local high school. The consolidation of one-room schoolhouses formed the District. In 1960, Simley High School opened its doors to students. In 1971, a new Simley High School was built adjacent to what is now the middle school. The oldest parts of the middle school (the original Simley High School) have been replaced.

The District operates under an elected seven-member School Board. The School Board is responsible, among other things, for passing policies, adopting the budget, and hiring the Superintendent of Schools. The Superintendent of Schools is responsible for carrying out the policies of the School Board, for overseeing the day to day operations of the school district and for appointing the directors/principals of the various departments or schools. The School Board is elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District is a suburban school district located 12 miles south of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota which serves a general population of approximately 33,880, covers an area of about 22 square miles, and enrolled 3,766 students for the 2010–2011 fiscal year. In terms of number of students, the District is Minnesota's 50th largest school district. The District has one senior high school, one middle school, and three elementary schools.

The District provides a full range of public education services appropriate to grade levels ranging from pre-kindergarten through Grade 12. These include regular and enriched academic education, special education for exceptional children, and career/vocational education. Food service and transportation are provided as supporting programs. The District's community education program includes Early Childhood, Family, and Adult Basic Education programs as well as a myriad of classes for lifelong learning experiences for children and adults.

The District strives for educational excellence and is proud of the achievements of its students and staff, including the following:

- Simley High School was nationally ranked among America's best high schools by *Newsweek* and *The Washington Post*.
- The District received the technology leadership award from Technology and Information Educational Services (TIES).
- The District introduced a new volunteer program, the Volunteer Corps, to train, support, and increase volunteers in the schools.
- Many community members attended the IGH BEST Foundation's May Day 5K, raising money to go towards scholarships for Simley graduates.
- More than 500 people attended the 21st annual Safety Fair, sponsored by Early Childhood Family Education (ECFE).
- Thirty-four individuals graduated at the GED ceremony.
- The District was selected to participate in Positive Behavior and Intervention Supports (PBIS) regional training.
- Dakota County's Public Health Department sent a letter to ISD 199 thanking the District for its participation in the "Smart Choices" initiative.
- The Inver Grove Heights (IGH) Senior Center hosted a collector's road show where individuals could have their hidden treasures appraised.
- The IGH Board of Education approved the use of alternative facilities bonds to improve air quality at Simley and Hilltop.
- The District received a Javits Grant to support twice-exceptional students.
- The District sold bonds that will reduce property tax levies payable in 2011–2016, saving taxpayers an average of nearly \$71,000 per year.
- Various action-research projects occurred in the District, putting technology directly into the hands of students to use as a complementary learning tool.
- The Spartan 5K helped raise money for Simley activities.
- Community members participated in the District's community input night regarding the District's elementary study.
- MCA-II results showed an increase in various testing categories. The largest gain was in math at Hilltop. A 13.9 percent increase in student proficiency was seen in the fourth grade.
- Four teams from the District advanced to the Destination ImagiNation Global Finals.
- Social Studies students at Simley High School participated in an intergenerational oral history video project.
- The Rock Island Swing Bridge was turned into a recreational pier after receiving support organized by Mr. Goetz's Social Studies class at Simley.
- IGH Middle School and Simley High School International Club members and Salem Hills Elementary School students walked to raise money so that a school in Nicaragua could have better access to water.

- Seniors Brittney Willaert and Nathan Briguet were named Simley's athletes of the year.
- More than 100 students received college scholarships totaling more than \$140,000 at the IGH BEST reception.
- Jillian Wilhelmson's design was chosen to be featured on the Inver Grove Heights Days button.
- Students donated 114 pints of blood at Simley High School's blood drive, making it the most successful blood drive in school history.
- Avery Garon, a junior at Simley, scored a perfect 36 on the ACT exam.
- More than 40 students in Grades K-12 taught approximately 60 community members technology tips and tricks at the District's first ever Student-Led Technology Conference.
- Salem Hills students again achieved impressive results in Math Masters.
- Seventh-graders hosted a Renaissance Fair for IGH Middle School students and staff.
- Brittney Willaert was named Simley's Athena Award Winner (top female athlete).
- Advanced Placement (AP) statistics students used data gathered from Guitar Hero to study for the AP test
- Ninth-graders learned what skills are necessary for certain jobs at career day.
- Shinoby Yang was named to the Minnesota Basketball Coaches Association's Academic All State high school basketball team.
- Fourth-graders at Pine Bend Elementary School and students in Simley's Alternative Learning Program communicated using Google Docs and video conferencing to discuss ways to solve green issues in the community.
- Two fourth-graders from Salem Hills advanced to the state level of the Young Inventors Fair.
- Kyle Dickison, a junior at Simley, received the National Boy Scouts of America Medal of Merit for saving his mom's life in December 2009.
- Hilltop Elementary School students donated 53 pounds of food to Neighbors, Inc. in one of the school's food drives.
- Pine Bend students donated 248 items to Neighbors, Inc. in one of the school's food drives.
- Salem Hills and IGH Middle School students produced stellar results at the School Chess Association's statewide tournament.
- Governor Mark Dayton proclaimed March 30, 2011 Simley Wrestling Day. Simley won a fourth straight state title.
- Simley's robotics team competed at the 10,000 Lakes Regional at the University of Minnesota and just missed going to nationals.
- Representatives from SEA LIFE Minnesota (formerly Underwater Adventures) brought aquatic animals to Pine Bend to visit with kindergarten students.
- Senior Madison Dockter aced the critical reading portion of the SATs.
- Justin Miller was selected "Best in Site" at Simley High School's Solo & Ensemble regionals.
- Artwork from Simley students Heather Ostertag, Jessica Degler, and Victoria Peterson was selected to be featured in the Best 100 Art Show in St. Paul.
- Honors physics students presented heat exchanger solutions to engineers from Flint Hills Resources.
- Senior Airman Cameron Church visited with students from IGH Middle School and described his job with the U.S. military in Iraq.
- Seventh-graders learned life-saving techniques when they were taught CPR.
- Students were introduced to a variety of jobs at the eighth-grade career day.
- Elementary students raised money for Jump Rope for Heart. Pine Bend raised more than \$20,000—the highest total in the state.
- The IGH Middle School student council helped raise \$1,200 for Pennies for Patients (Leukemia Society) during Have a Heart week.
- Community members shared their talents with students at Pine Bend's SALT (Students and Adults Learning Together) Day.
- Simley seniors taught fifth-graders the importance of being nice at a kindness retreat.
- Sixth-graders designed projects for the Young Inventors Fair. Two students advanced to the state competition.

- Simley Language Arts students used iPads to generate instantaneous feedback on study guides and essays.
- Carter Lange, Jannis Holsten, and Ben Bourgoin advanced to the state level of the Minnesota Music Competition.
- The CLIMB Theatre taught Salem Hills fourth-graders best practices for handling bullying situations.
- Sixth-grade science students learned about engineering through an insulator/conductor experiment.
- Kiri Ferguson and Sam Ball received top scores in the WordMasters Challenge.
- 2009 Simley graduate Muresuk Mena was featured in a Gustavus Adolphus College ad that was distributed globally.
- Project Lead the Way (PLTW) students at IGH Middle School used a computer program to make machines move using gears.
- Fifth-graders at Salem Hills used wind generator kits to explore the effects of various blade designs and power output levels.
- Ms. Swanson's fifth-grade Salem Hills class won the Thinking Cap Quiz Bowl contest.
- The IGH Fire Department named elementary students Tatum Dunphy, Jeremy Coates, and Morgan Coffey the fire prevention poster contest winners.
- Veterans spoke to IGH Middle School students on Veteran's Day about their experiences in the military.
- Third-graders from Salem Hills interacted with a representative from the International Wolf Center via video conference.
- AP statistics students collected data using Barbies to determine the physics and statistics necessary to predict the height at which the doll would need to bungee jump from a stairwell so that there would be no impact.
- The IGH Lion's Club donated dictionaries to all third-graders at Hilltop.
- Sixth-graders created artwork for families of veterans recovering from injuries in Iraq and Afghanistan.
- Students from Simley and IGH Middle School visited the IGH police and fire departments to learn about their jobs.
- Fourth-graders at Pine Bend used iPod applications to enhance learning in math and other core subject areas.
- National Honor Society students collected items during Simley's coat drive.
- Elementary students conducted a "human air traffic control" simulation during a PLTW summer camp.
- Sara Getting, a first-grade teacher at Hilltop, and Joel Rogness, a language arts teacher at Simley, were named TIES exceptional teachers for their innovative use of technology in the classroom.
- Salem Hills staff members collected \$1,000 during the holidays to help provide gifts for 15 families in need.
- Elementary teachers learned Yoga Calm movements that have been proven to help bring positive energy to the classroom and create a relaxing learning environment where students can thrive.

Our Vision

The vision of the District is to create learning environments that provide for high student achievement so all learners are academically and socially prepared for lifelong learning.

Our Mission

The Mission of the District is to provide a challenging education through which all learners achieve success in a diverse society. This will be accomplished through:

• safe and caring environments;

- a strong and stimulating curriculum;
- high academic standards;
- respect, honesty, and accountability in all relationships;
- effective and innovative teaching;
- open communication and partnerships with families and community;
- safe and caring environments; and
- facilities that support and enhance learning.

School Board Goals

- 1. To provide a safe, caring, and respectful learning environment;
- 2. To develop a financial decision making process focused on full implementation of the vision and mission of the District;
- 3. To assure a government-wide system will be in place that places curriculum as a high priority, and is articulated pre-kindergarten through Grade 12;
- 4. To promote effective and innovative teaching and competent performance by all district staff;
- 5. To assure that government-wide facilities support and enhance innovative teaching and learning needs and requirements;
- 6. To assure open and honest communication and to promote community involvement and partnership.

The laws of the state of Minnesota give the authority to direct the District's business operations and educational functions to the District's School Board, whose members are elected officials. The School Board has the authority to levy taxes, set fees, approve budgets and staff positions, along with other business and educational functions, without prior approval from any other governmental unit. The School Board can issue debt, generally with prior district voter approval. The Minnesota Department of Education does have some minor oversight responsibility over the District that is generally related to compliance and approval of certain laws and procedures, but is not substantive in nature.

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the District. Component units are legally separate entities for which the District is financially accountable. There are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

BUDGETARY PROCESS

The District's budget sets forth the financial plan for the forthcoming fiscal year. It is based on the projected financial needs of the District to allocate limited resources in the best possible way to give the best educational opportunities to students. The budget process starts with the development of the plan and timeline with completion and adoption in June. The plan is disseminated to School Board members and administration, and the preparation of the budget is implemented. The administration reviews enrollment projections and determines staffing levels needed for the forthcoming year. A preliminary financial forecast is prepared by the business manager and staffing levels are determined, keeping the financial projection in focus. The administration then recommends staff changes to the School Board for approval.

The budget process is continuous and involves staff at all levels as they inform administration of their needs and anticipated expenditures. These requests are then reviewed by their budget administrator who determines their appropriateness and, if appropriate, includes them in his/her budget. Each building principal is allocated an amount for supplies, materials, and equipment, based on student enrollment of that building, which he/she must allocate to those accounts under their control. When each administrator has his/her budget assembled, the business department enters it in the finance system.

The business manager prepares the salary and benefits budget and updates this data to the master budget. The finance/business department staff, along with the business manager, prepares estimates of other areas for inclusion in the master budget. Staff in the finance/business department reviews the data entered by each budget administrator and makes any necessary corrections. Preliminary budgets are compiled and presented to the School Board. The School Board considers these preliminary budgets, makes recommendations and changes, and adopts the final budget in June as required by state law.

The budget is then implemented and administered. Each administrator is responsible for approving purchase requisitions from their buildings or areas of responsibility. They must remain within the budget constraints and monitor their budgets from periodic reports that they receive from the finance/business department. They also have the ability to review their budgets online through their computer terminal. The business manager has responsibility for the financial integrity of the District. The availability of funds, the proper code classification, the maintenance of the coding structure, and compliance with legal purchasing directives are all continuously monitored by the finance/business departments. All bids and contracts must be authorized and approved by the School Board. The revenue and expenditure budgets are monitored and changed as conditions change. All revisions to the budget are approved by the School Board.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District is located in Dakota County, which is one of seven counties that make up the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area. Recent economic conditions have resulted in challenges for many residents of the District. In the 2010–2011 school year, the District served to its students 7,943 more free lunches than the prior year, an increase of 6 percent.

Officials at the City of Inver Grove Heights (the City) anticipate that the City is poised for future residential and commercial development over the next decade due to the availability of nine square miles of developable land in the City's northwest region. To facilitate this development, the City is extending water and sewer service to the area in phases over the next several years. Income indices for the District exceed state medians but are average for the Twin Cities region.

The unemployment rate for Dakota County is currently 6.5 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 7.0 percent a year ago. This compares favorably to both state and national average unemployment rates of 6.8 percent and 9.1 percent, respectively.

Taxable market value in the District decreased from \$2,697,857,700 to \$2,541,648,200; a decline of 5.79 percent for the year.

The District has always been dependent on the state for its revenue authority. However, in the past the general education basic formula allowance, which funds the majority of the District's operations, was composed of aid and levy components. The amount of levy was determined by a state determined tax rate. This rate was adjusted up or down depending on the state's financial position. By doing so, the state could shift revenue responsibility to local taxpayers in times of need or relieve local taxpayers in times of plenty. This is no longer the case as the general education basic formula allowance is now all state aid. Because of this, the District is extremely concerned about the state's financial position. The state of Minnesota is projecting a \$5.8 billion deficit beginning with the 2012–2013 biennium, which may result in a reduction of state aid funding.

General education state aid, the single largest source of revenue for the District, is dependent on the number of students served by the District each school year. In fiscal year 2009 and fiscal year 2010, the District had increased student growth of 1.9 and 1.4 percent, respectively. This year the District had a decline of 101 students served. Each October the District projects its future enrollment five years out. Future enrollment projections, using the "Cohort Survival Method," indicate that the District's enrollment should remain stable for the next five years.

Minnesota school districts have the ability to raise additional revenue through voter-approved excess levy referendums. The additional funding is capped at 26 percent of the general education formula allowance (\$5,124 GEFA x 26 percent CAP x 1.2011 Inflation = \$1,600). The referendum formula determines the amount of the referendum that is state aid as compared to local levy. For fiscal year 2012, the District has authority for \$844 per pupil unit of excess levy authority, which raises a total of approximately \$3.8 million. The District is presently \$710 below the referendum cap established by the Minnesota Legislature. About 89 percent of this revenue is provided from property taxes. The District's budget reductions for fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$576,250. Due to declining enrollment and increasing costs, the District is anticipating a \$500,000 shortfall for fiscal year 2013.

The District operates five school buildings; one high school (192,836 square feet), one middle school (180,558 square feet), and three elementary buildings (totaling 208,632 square feet). The average age of the five buildings is 34.40 years. This past fiscal year the District began a two-year project to redo the HVAC system at Simley High School. The new system, when completed, will bring the building up to the presently required air quality standards for new construction. The total two-year cost of the Simley project is \$5.6 million. The new HVAC improvements have an estimated useful life of 40 years. Hilltop Elementary school also had an HVAC project improvement project completed this summer in the 1964 and 1968 wings of the building. The total cost of the Hilltop HVAC improvements was \$2.4 million.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The District was one of the few of the 335 school districts in Minnesota to be awarded the ASBO Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the preparation and issuance of a high-quality CAFR for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. This was the sixth time the District submitted its CAFR for consideration of this award. The Certificate of Excellence, the highest recognition for school district financial operations offered by ASBO, is only conferred to school systems that have met or exceeded the standards of the program.

A Certificate of Excellence is only valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the standards of this program, and we are submitting it to ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The timely preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional and dedicated hard work of the entire staff of the District's business services team. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the staff who assisted and contributed to the report preparation.

Our appreciation is also given to the School Board for their support in leading the District in sound and responsible financial management.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Deirdre Wells Superintendent

Bruce Rimstad Business Manager Advisory

Organizational Chart ISD 199

Updated July 14, 2009

School Board and Administration Year Ended June 30, 2011

SCHOOL BOARD

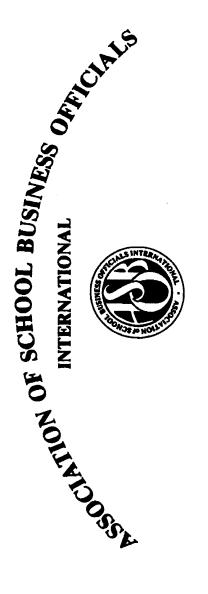
Position on School Board During 2010–2011

Mickey Difronzo
Paul Mandell
Keri Myran
Cindy Nordstrom
Phil Prokopowicz
Lynette Stensgard
Bridget Sutton

Chairperson
Vice Chairperson/Treasurer
Clerk
Director
Director
Director
Director

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Deirdre Wells Bruce Rimstad Superintendent Business Manager



This Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 199 – INVER GROVE HEIGHTS

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

substantially conforms to principles and standards of ASBO's Certificate of Excellence Program Upon recommendation of the Association's Panel of Review which has judged that the Report

President

Charle Simber

Executive Director

John B. Masso

SECTION II FINANCIAL SECTION

PRINCIPALS



Kenneth W. Malloy, CPA
Thomas M. Montague, CPA
Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA
Paul A. Radosevich, CPA
William J. Lauer, CPA
James H. Eichten, CPA
Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA
Victoria L. Holinka, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board of Independent School District No. 199 Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 199, Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year partial comparative information presented has been derived from the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010, and in our report dated October 29, 2010, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1 of the notes to basic financial statements, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" during the year ended June 30, 2011.

(continued)

The financial statements include prior year partial comparative information, which does not include all of the information required in a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010, from which it was derived.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 7, 2011 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan, and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Pension Benefits Plan, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Malloy, Montague, Kamowski, Radosewich & Co., P. A.

November 7, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The management of Independent School District No. 199, Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota (the District) has provided readers of the District's financial statements with this narrative overview and analysis of its financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the other components of the District's comprehensive annual financial report, including the letter of transmittal located in the introductory section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2011 by \$17,030,074 (net assets). The unrestricted portion of assets was \$8,510,376. The District also had \$3,574,911 of net assets available to meet its ongoing obligations, but restricted for specific uses. Total net assets increased \$3,326,640 from current year activities.

At June 30, 2011, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$14,286,024, an increase of \$4,509,373 from the prior year. This increase was primarily the result of two major factors: 1) a fund balance increase of \$2,070,546 from General Fund operations, which exceeded the budgeted increase of \$1,366,624; and 2) a fund balance increase of \$2,291,998 in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund that consists of unspent bond proceeds available to complete capital projects (HVAC improvements) undertaken at Hilltop Elementary and Simley High School.

The District's General Fund, its primary operating fund, closed the fiscal year with an unassigned fund balance of \$4,722,067, which represents approximately 13 percent of annual General Fund expenditures based on fiscal 2011 expenditure levels.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of the following three components: the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes *all* of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net assets* and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, including regular and special education, transportation, administration, food services, and community education, are primarily financed with state aids and property taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds (Food Service and Community Service Special Revenue) that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "nonmajor" funds. Detailed financial information for nonmajor funds can be found in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Minnesota schools must establish funds within the guidelines of the state's Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards.

The District maintains the following types of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary fund statements offer *short-term* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund, internal service funds, which are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's two internal service funds account for its post-employment employee benefit liabilities. These activities have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to other organizations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the District's Statement of Net Assets:

Table 1 Summary of Net Assets as of June 30, 2011 and 2010						
		2011		2010		
Assets						
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	41,205,160 44,820,596	\$	34,652,754 41,770,830		
Total assets	\$	86,025,756	\$	76,423,584		
Liabilities						
Current and other liabilities	\$	15,975,995	\$	14,718,127		
Long-term liabilities, including due within one year		53,019,687		48,002,023		
Total liabilities	\$	68,995,682	\$	62,720,150		
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	4,944,787	\$	5,009,958		
Restricted		3,574,911		3,382,349		
Unrestricted		8,510,376		5,311,127		
Total net assets	\$	17,030,074	\$	13,703,434		

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's investment in capital assets, net of related debt involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. A conservative versus liberal approach to depreciation estimates, as well as capitalization policies, will produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. The District's total net assets increased by \$3,326,640 during the year ended June 30, 2011. Both the restricted and unrestricted portions of net assets increased over the prior year, while the amount the District has invested in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased due to depreciation.

Table 2 presents a condensed version of the Change in Net Assets of the District:

Table 2
Change in Net Assets
for the Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

	2011	2010
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 3,245,424	\$ 3,358,561
Operating grants and contributions	6,416,700	6,286,933
General revenues		
Property taxes	13,493,399	10,611,634
General grants and aids	22,943,298	24,903,135
Other	1,650,741	715,133
Total revenues	47,749,562	45,875,396
Expenses		
Administration	1,413,246	1,410,292
District support services	951,640	996,250
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	16,281,999	16,389,973
Vocational education instruction	324,273	389,560
Special education instruction	7,577,765	7,313,624
Instructional support services	2,499,693	2,361,213
Pupil support services	3,420,588	3,293,788
Sites and buildings	4,599,496	4,511,048
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	90,121	86,525
Food service	1,708,253	1,716,313
Community service	2,215,072	2,240,630
Unallocated depreciation	1,128,902	1,130,667
Interest on long-term debt	2,211,874	2,253,696
Total expenses	44,422,922	44,093,579
Change in net assets	\$ 3,326,640	\$ 1,781,817

This statement is presented on an accrual basis of accounting, and it includes all of the governmental activities of the District. This statement includes depreciation expense, but excludes capital asset purchase costs, debt proceeds, and the repayment of debt principal.

Revenues in fiscal 2011 increased \$1,874,166. About half of the increase was in investment income (included in "other" above) which increased \$935,608 due to increased earnings on the investments in the revocable Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) trust reported in the District's internal service funds. Property taxes increased \$2,881,765, while general grants and aids decreased \$1,959,837, both mainly due to the tax shift, a legislative change that replaced about \$2.5 million of state aid with property tax revenue in fiscal 2011.

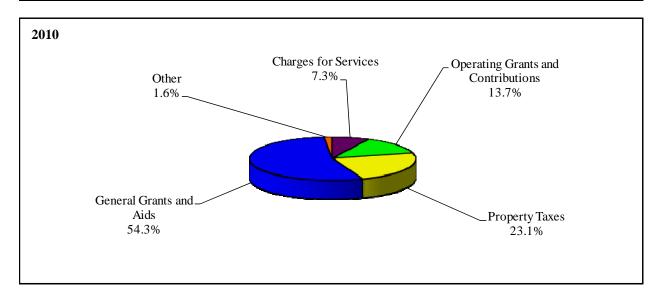
Total expenses for fiscal year 2011 increased by \$329,343, or 0.8 percent, from the previous year. The most significant change was an increase of \$264,141 in special education instruction program costs.

Figures A and B show further analysis of these revenue sources and expense functions:

Other
3.5%
Charges for Services
6.8%
Operating Grants and
Contributions
13.4%

General Grants and
Aids
48.0%
Property Taxes
28.3%

Figure A – Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Years 2011 and 2010

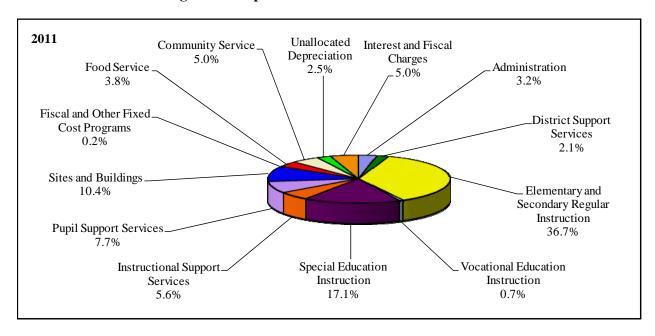


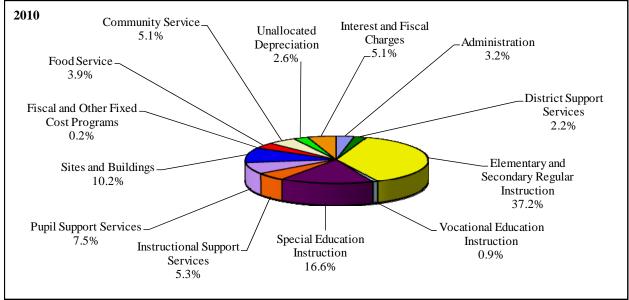
The largest share of the District's revenue is received from the state, including the aid formula and most of the capital and operating grants. This means that the District's financial condition depends significantly on the state's current financial condition.

Property taxes are the next largest source of funding. The level of funding property tax sources provide is not only dependent on taxpayers of the District by way of operating and building referenda, but also by decisions made by the Legislature in the mix of state aid and local effort in a variety of funding formulas.

The proportionate share of district revenue from these two sources changed significantly from fiscal 2010 to fiscal 2011, due to a large increase in the previously mentioned "tax shift." The tax shift is an accounting tool used to balance the state budget, whereby school districts recognize cash collections for their subsequent year's property tax levy as current year revenue, and the state reduces aid payments to districts by an equal amount.

Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2011 and 2010





The District's expenses are predominately related to educating students. Programs (or functions) such as elementary and secondary regular instruction, vocational education instruction, special education instruction, and instructional support services are directly related to classroom instruction, while the rest of the programs support instruction and other necessary costs to operate the District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. Table 3 shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

Table 3 Governmental Fund Balances as of June 30, 2011 and 2010						
	2011	2010	Increase (Decrease)	Total Percent Change		
Major funds						
General	\$ 9,990,986	\$ 7,920,440	\$ 2,070,546	26.1%		
Capital Projects –						
Building Construction	2,458,820	166,822	2,291,998	1,373.9%		
Debt Service	810,779	623,086	187,693	30.1%		
Nonmajor funds						
Food Service Special Revenue	1,027,177	941,688	85,489	9.1%		
Community Service Special Revenue	(1,738)	124,615	(126,353)	(101.4%)		
Total governmental funds	\$ 14,286,024	\$ 9,776,651	\$ 4,509,373	46.1%		

The increase in the General Fund was attributable to: 1) the adopted budget having a planned fund balance increase of \$1,366,624; 2) the budget being under spent by \$683,180; and 3) the District's enrollment being higher than expected, which resulted in the District earning more general education state aid than budgeted.

The increase in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund was related to the issuance of bonds for building improvement projects.

General Fund

Table 4 summarizes the amendments to the General Fund budget:

			(Table 4 General Fund Budget			
	Original Budget			Final Budget		Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Revenue Expenditures	\$ \$	38,172,205 38,021,443	\$	38,559,205 37,675,443	\$	(346,000)	(0.9%)
Other sources	\$	482,862	\$	482,862	\$	_	

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to on the previous page as the original budget. It is the District's practice to amend the General Fund budget for known significant changes in circumstances, such as: updated enrollment estimates, legislation changes, additional funding received from grants or other local sources, staffing changes, employee contract settlements, health insurance premium increases, special education tuition changes, or utility rate changes.

Table 5 summarizes the operating results of the General Fund:

Table 5 General Fund Operating Results							
Over (Under) Final Budget Over (Under) Prior Year							
	2011 Actual		Amount Percent			Amount	Percent
Revenue	\$ 39,058,309	\$	499,104	1.3%	\$	684,708	1.8%
Expenditures	36,992,263	\$	(683,180)	(1.8%)	\$	474,473	1.3%
Other financing sources (uses)	4,500	\$	(478,362)	(99.1%)	\$	(155,404)	(97.2%)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,070,546						

General Fund revenues exceeded the final budget for fiscal year 2011 by \$499,104. State aid revenue was \$385,451 over budget, mainly in general education aid due to the number of students served exceeding expectations. Revenue from other local sources, including gifts, reimbursements from other districts, and medical assistance reimbursements, were \$161,182 higher than budget.

General Fund expenditures were \$683,180 under budget, primarily due to salaries coming in lower than projected.

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund

The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund experienced a fund balance increase of \$2,291,998 in fiscal 2011. The District issued \$6.69 million of bonds to finance capital improvements at two of its school sites. Fund balance at year-end was \$2,454,724 less than projected in the budget due to the improvement projects progressing more quickly than anticipated.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to record principal and interest expenditures for a school district's outstanding bonded indebtedness and the revenue sources that are used to finance them, whether for building construction, OPEB, or for initial or refunding bonds. The Debt Service Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$810,779, an increase of \$187,693. During the year, the District issued bonds to refund \$4,085,000 of outstanding debt, which reduced future debt service payments by \$397,926, and resulted in a present value savings to the District of \$399,413.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Table 6 shows the District's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation expense for fiscal years ending June 30, 2011 and 2010:

	Table 6 Capital Assets		
	2011	2010	Increase (Decrease)
Land Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 421,200 56,257,075 2,208,664 4,162,412 (18,228,755)	\$ 421,200 56,212,325 2,192,744 - (17,055,439)	\$ - 44,750 15,920 4,162,412 (1,173,316)
Total	\$ 44,820,596	\$ 41,770,830	\$ 3,049,766
Depreciation expense	\$ 1,232,396	\$ 1,232,670	\$ (274)

The changes presented in the table above reflect the ongoing activity and completion of projects at district sites during fiscal year 2011. The largest change is the construction in progress on HVAC improvement projects at two district school sites.

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 7 illustrates the components of the District's long-term liabilities, together with the change from the prior year:

Table 7 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities						
		2011		2010	(Increase Decrease)
General obligation bonds payable Premiums on bonds payable Special assessments payable Capital leases payable Severance payable Net OPEB obligation Net pension obligation	\$	50,620,000 428,828 118,750 243,228 1,440,577 — 168,304	\$	45,380,000 380,328 131,250 469,622 1,460,912 81,849 98,062	\$	5,240,000 48,500 (12,500) (226,394) (20,335) (81,849) 70,242
Total	\$	53,019,687	\$	48,002,023	\$	5,017,664

The District sold two bond issues in fiscal 2011, \$3,945,000 of general obligation refunding bonds, and \$6,690,000 of general obligation alternative facilities building bonds.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 15 percent of the market value of all taxable property within the District's corporate limits. (See Table 8)

Table 8 Limitations on Debt					
District's market value Limit rate	\$	2,541,648,200 15.0%			
Legal debt limit	\$	381,247,230			

Additional details of the District's capital assets and long-term debt activity can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the state of Minnesota for a majority of its revenue authority. The general education program is the method by which school districts receive the majority of their financial support. Minnesota school districts are also aware that on the inflation adjusted basis, even the basic formula revenue per pupil has lagged inflation over the last decade, including all the years when the Minnesota state economy was expanding and providing increased revenues to the state. As the table below shows the formula allowance for fiscal 2011 would have to be higher than the current level by \$425 (8.3 percent) to have kept up with inflation since fiscal 2003.

Table 9
Trends in General Education Formula Allowance
for Minnesota School Districts, Fiscal Years 2003 Through 2011
(adjusted for inflation)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Formula Allowance	CPI-U (2009+1.0)*	Formula Allowance in 2011 Dollars	Change Since 2003	Formula Allowance if Adjusted for Annual Inflation	Annual Funding Shortfall
2003	\$ 4,601	0.8485	\$ 5,549	\$ -	\$ 4,601	\$ -
2004	4,601	0.8671	5,430	(119)	4,702	(101)
2005	4,601	0.8931	5,272	(277)	4,843	(242)
2006	4,783	0.9271	5,279	(270)	5,027	(244)
2007	4,974	0.9511	5,352	(197)	5,157	(183)
2008	5,074	0.9853	5,270	(279)	5,343	(269)
2009	5,124	1.0000	5,243	(305)	5,422	(298)
2010	5,124	1.0070	5,207	(342)	5,460	(336)
2011	5,124	1.0233	5,124	(425)	5,549	(425)

^{*} Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers for the Minneapolis-St. Paul area

Source: Formula Allowance and CPI-U are from Minnesota Department of Education K-12 Finance Overview, 2008-2009

With the last special legislative session (July 2011) Minnesota school districts will see their first increase in the General Education Formula Allowance since fiscal 2009, of \$50 in fiscal 2012, and an additional \$50 in fiscal 2013. While these two amounts are below inflation, given the state's struggles to adequately fund education the increases are greatly appreciated.

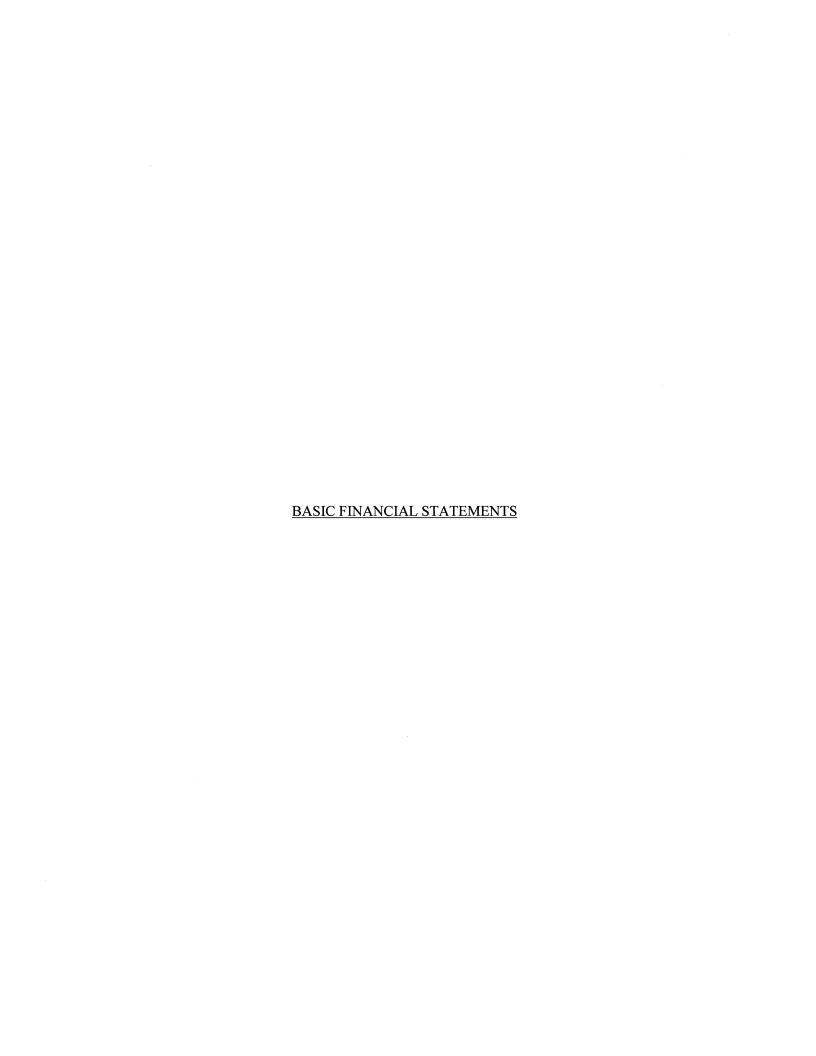
The District had a portion (\$364 per pupil unit) of its current excess operating referendum authority renewed for 10 years in the state-wide general election in November of 2008. The second portion (\$480 per pupil unit) of the District's excess operating referendum expires at the end of the 2013 fiscal year. The District will be asking the electorate to renew this second portion of its excess levy authority in conjunction with the November 2011 School Board election. In addition to the renewal question the School Board will be asking two additional questions: 1) for a Capital Projects levy question which will produce \$700,000 annually for technology improvements and curriculum improvements; and 2) an additional excess operating referendum amount of \$372 per pupil unit for a 10-year period. If Question No. 1, the renewal of \$480 per pupil unit is not successful the District will need to place the question on the state-wide general election ballot in November 2012.

The District now offers free all-day kindergarten to all students residing in the District, investing in early learning to help students living in poverty. Elementary school day schedules now focus on literacy practices, meaningful instructional time, and resources for intervention and enrichment.

The large annual double digit increases for health insurance premiums the District experienced for a number of years have finally subsided. In fiscal 2011, and again in fiscal 2012, the District's health insurance premiums did not increase. Further, any potential increase in District health insurance premiums for fiscal 2013 will be capped at 5 percent.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Independent School District No. 199, 2990 – 80th Street East, Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota 55076.



Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2011

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2010)

		Governmental Activities			
		2011		2010	
Accepted					
Assets Cosh and temporary investments	\$	14 602 024	¢	10 011 440	
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	Ъ	14,693,024	\$	10,011,449	
		6 606 462		6 202 201	
Current taxes		6,696,463		6,303,201	
Delinquent taxes		189,544		149,784	
Accounts and interest receivable		71,650		76,402	
Due from other governmental units		9,571,156		8,917,208	
Inventory		38,024		56,013	
Prepaid items		96,952		90,303	
Restricted assets - temporarily restricted					
Cash and investments for other post-employment benefits		9,806,960		9,048,394	
Negative net other post-employment benefit obligation		41,387		_	
Capital assets					
Not depreciated		4,583,612		421,200	
Depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		40,236,984		41,349,630	
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		44,820,596		41,770,830	
Total assets	_\$	86,025,756	\$	76,423,584	
T to Little Co.					
Liabilities Salaria manufala	•	1 660 706	Φ.	1 612 002	
Salaries payable	\$	1,668,786	\$	1,613,803	
Accounts and contracts payable		5,085,072		1,922,462	
Accrued interest payable		960,795		946,497	
Due to other governmental units		216,908		105,284	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		8,011,829		10,068,231	
Unearned revenue		32,605		61,850	
Long-term liabilities					
Due within one year		2,255,801		1,638,917	
Due in more than one year		50,763,886		46,363,106	
Total long-term liabilities		53,019,687		48,002,023	
Total liabilities		68,995,682		62,720,150	
Net assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,944,787		5,009,958	
Restricted for		, .,		- ,- ,- , 0	
Capital asset acquisition		1,677,631		2,147,385	
Food service		1,027,177		941,688	
Community service		3,297		128,207	
Other post-employment benefits		818,815			
Other purposes (state funding restrictions)		47,991		165,069	
Unrestricted		8,510,376		5,311,127	
Total net assets		17,030,074		13,703,434	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	86,025,756	\$	76,423,584	

See notes to basic financial statements

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2011 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

			2010		
			Net (Expense)		
				Revenue and	Revenue and
				Changes in	Changes in
		Program	Revenues	Net Assets	Net Assets
			Operating		
		Charges for Grants and		Governmental	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities
Governmental activities					
Administration	\$ 1,413,246	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,413,246)	\$ (1,410,292)
District support services	951,640	_		(951,640)	(996,250)
Elementary and secondary	,			, , ,	, , ,
regular instruction	16,281,999	165,337	649,799	(15,466,863)	(16,245,921)
Vocational education	, ,	·	•	, , , ,	, , ,
instruction	324,273			(324,273)	(389,560)
Special education instruction	7,577,765	312,294	4,235,754	(3,029,717)	(2,078,146)
Instructional support services	2,499,693		288,607	(2,211,086)	(2,070,176)
Pupil support services	3,420,588	192,874	156,060	(3,071,654)	(2,967,684)
Sites and buildings	4,599,496	161,895	,	(4,437,601)	(4,349,652)
Fiscal and other fixed cost					
programs	90,121	_	· —	(90,121)	(86,525)
Food service	1,708,253	868,675	898,250	58,672	108,117
Community service	2,215,072	1,544,349	188,230	(482,493)	(577,633)
Unallocated depreciation	1,128,902	_	-	(1,128,902)	(1,130,667)
Interest on long-term debt	2,211,874			(2,211,874)	(2,253,696)
Total governmental activities	\$ 44,422,922	\$ 3,245,424	\$ 6,416,700	(34,760,798)	(34,448,085)
	General revenue				
	Taxes				
		s, levied for gene	ral nurnoses	9,562,072	6,928,603
		s, levied for com		534,266	322,935
		s, levied for debt	3,397,061	3,360,096	
	General grants	•	22,943,298	24,903,135	
	Other general re			375,119	518,200
	Investment earn			1,275,622	196,933
		eneral revenue	38,087,438	36,229,902	
	Total ge	merar revenue		30,007,130	30,227,702
	Change	in net assets		3,326,640	1,781,817
	Net assets – begin	nning		13,703,434	11,921,617
	Net assets – endir	ng		\$ 17,030,074	\$ 13,703,434

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2011

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2010)

		Capital Projects – Building	Debt		Total Govern	mental Funds
	General Fund	Construction Fund	Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	2011	2010
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 3,657,837	\$ 5,647,174	\$ 2,540,827	\$ 1,058,559	\$ 12,904,397	\$ 8,226,821
Receivables						
Current taxes	3,972,244	_	2,477,454	246,765	6,696,463	6,303,201
Delinquent taxes	128,808	_	55,701	5,035	189,544	149,784
Accounts and interest	63,236	5,688	-	2,726	71,650	76,402
Due from other governmental units	9,368,506	_	68,536	134,114	9,571,156	8,917,208
Due from other funds	41,713	_	-	_	41,713	_
Inventory	_	_	-	38,024	38,024	56,013
Prepaid items	96,952				96,952	90,303
Total assets	\$ 17,329,296	\$ 5,652,862	\$ 5,142,518	\$ 1,485,223	\$ 29,609,899	\$ 23,819,732
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Salaries payable	\$ 1,582,041	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,745	\$ 1,668,786	\$ 1,613,803
Accounts and contracts payable	1,847,597	3,194,042	_	43,433	5,085,072	1,922,462
Due to other governmental units	189,286	_	_	27,622	216,908	105,284
Due to other funds	75,208	_	_	43,923	119,131	121,667
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	3,515,370	_	4,276,038	220,421	8,011,829	10,068,231
Unearned revenue	_	_	_	32,605	32,605	61,850
Deferred revenue	128,808	_	55,701	5,035	189,544	149,784
Total liabilities	7,338,310	3,194,042	4,331,739	459,784	15,323,875	14,043,081
Fund balances (deficit)						
Nonspendable	96,952	_	_	38,024	134,976	146,316
Restricted	1,694,849	2,458,820	810,779	1,002,616	5,967,064	3,945,830
Assigned	3,477,118	_	_	_	3,477,118	1,283,225
Unassigned	4,722,067	_	_	(15,201)	4,706,866	4,401,280
Total fund balances	9,990,986	2,458,820	810,779	1,025,439	14,286,024	9,776,651
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 17,329,296	\$ 5,652,862	\$ 5,142,518	\$ 1,485,223	\$ 29,609,899	\$ 23,819,732

See notes to basic financial statements

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2011

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2010)

	2011	2010
Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 14,286,024	\$ 9,776,651
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets are included in net assets, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources.		
Cost of capital assets	63,049,351	58,826,269
Accumulated depreciation	(18,228,755)	(17,055,439)
Long-term liabilities are included in net assets, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable.		
General obligation bonds	(50,620,000)	(45,380,000)
Special assessments payable	(118,750)	(131,250)
Capital leases	(243,228)	(469,622)
Premium on bonds	(428,828)	(380,328)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	10 105 511	0.212.077
funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	10,105,511	9,313,866
Accrued interest payable is included in net assets, but is excluded from fund balances until due and payable.	(960,795)	(946,497)
Certain revenues (including delinquent property taxes) are included in net assets, but are excluded from fund balances until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	189,544	149,784
Total net assets – governmental activities	\$ 17,030,074	\$ 13,703,434

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

		Capital Projects – Building	Debt		Total Govern	nmental Funds
	General Fund	Construction Fund	Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	2011	2010
Revenue						
Local sources	A 525 420	Φ.	A 205 250	ф. 522.022	0 12 152 520	å 10.500.200
Property taxes	\$ 9,535,438	\$ -	\$ 3,385,378	\$ 532,823	\$ 13,453,639	\$ 10,609,388
Investment earnings	14,113	9,475	3,588	3,020	30,196	27,024
Other	1,492,704	_	_	2,413,025	3,905,729	4,247,921
State sources	25,838,666	_	167,528	75,034	26,081,228	25,781,668
Federal sources	2,177,388			816,196	2,993,584	5,037,240
Total revenue	39,058,309	9,475	3,556,494	3,840,098	46,464,376	45,703,241
Expenditures						
Current						
Administration	1,369,667	_	_	_	1,369,667	1,381,411
District support services	944,729	_	_	_	944,729	982,611
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	16,057,579	_	_	_	16,057,579	16,383,527
Vocational education instruction	320,750	_	_	_	320,750	383,786
Special education instruction	7,491,184	_	_	_	7,491,184	7,159,504
Instructional support services	2,474,662	_	_	_	2,474,662	2,331,760
Pupil support services	3,411,187	_	_	_	3,411,187	3,259,511
Sites and buildings	4,569,602	_	_	_	4,569,602	4,468,467
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	90,121	_	_	_	90,121	86,525
Food service	90,121	_	_	1,642,749	1,642,749	1,646,175
Community service		_	_	2,177,391	2,177,391	2,205,698
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	4,201,090	_	60,822		65,897
Capital outlay	_	4,201,090	_	00,822	4,261,912	65,897
Debt service	228 804		1 210 000		1 549 904	1 222 782
Principal	238,894	_	1,310,000	_	1,548,894	1,222,782
Interest and fiscal charges	23,888		2,256,709		2,280,597	2,327,376
Total expenditures	36,992,263	4,201,090	3,566,709	3,880,962	48,641,024	43,905,030
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	2,066,046	(4,191,615)	(10,215)	(40,864)	(2,176,648)	1,798,211
Other financing sources (uses)						
Debt issued	_	6,690,000	3,945,000	_	10,635,000	_
Discount on debt issued	_	(40,497)	_	_	(40,497)	_
Premium on debt issued	_	_	172,018	_	172,018	_
Payments to refund bonds	_	_	(4,085,000)	_	(4,085,000)	_
Capital lease	_	_	_	_	-	149,904
Sale of capital assets	4,500	_	_	_	4,500	13,835
Transfers in	-	_	165,890	_	165,890	-
Transfers (out)	_	(165,890)	-	_	(165,890)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,500	6,483,613	197,908		6,686,021	163,739
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,300	0,403,013	177,500		0,000,021	103,737
Net change in fund balances	2,070,546	2,291,998	187,693	(40,864)	4,509,373	1,961,950
Fund balances						
Beginning of year	7,920,440	166,822	623,086	1,066,303	9,776,651	7,814,701
End of year	\$ 9,990,986	\$ 2,458,820	\$ 810,779	\$ 1,025,439	\$ 14,286,024	\$ 9,776,651

See notes to basic financial statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

	2011	2010
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 4,509,373	\$ 1,961,950
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different		
Capital outlays are recorded as net assets and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. However, fund balances are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays at the time of purchase.		
Capital outlays	4,282,162	88,186
Depreciation expense	(1,232,396)	(1,232,670)
A gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets, including the difference between the carrying value and any related sale proceeds, is included in the change in net assets. However, only the sale proceeds are included in the change in fund balances.	_	(14,750)
The amount of debt issued is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. Debt obligations are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities.	(10,635,000)	(149,904)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net assets of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	791,645	(169,703)
Repayment of long-term debt does not affect the change in net assets. However, it reduces fund balances.	,	
General obligation bonds	5,395,000	1,150,000
Special assessments payable	12,500	12,500
Capital leases	226,394	60,282
Interest on long-term debt is included in the change in net assets as it accrues, regardless of when payment is due. However, it is included in the change in fund balances when due.	(14,298)	55,121
Debt issuance premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are included in the change in net assets as they are amortized over the life of the debt. However, they are included in the change in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	(48,500)	18,559
Certain revenues (including delinquent property taxes) are included in the change in net assets, but are excluded from the change in fund balances until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	39,760	2,246
inquiante indointies of the surrent period.	37,700	2,270
Change in net assets – governmental activities	\$ 3,326,640	\$ 1,781,817

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2011

Budgeted Amounts Original Final Ac	Over (Under) Etual Final Budget
Revenue	
Revenue	
Local sources	
	535,438 \$ 19,348
Investment earnings 15,000 15,000	14,113 (887)
	492,704 161,182
	838,666 385,451
Federal sources 2,243,378 2,243,378 2,	177,388 (65,990)
Total revenue 38,172,205 38,559,205 39,	058,309 499,104
Expenditures	
Current	
Administration 1,553,681 1,542,131 1,	369,667 (172,464)
District support services 1,136,367 1,135,367	944,729 (190,638)
Elementary and secondary regular	
instruction 16,742,564 16,524,114 16,6	057,579 (466,535)
Vocational education instruction 171,077 171,077	320,750 149,673
Special education instruction 7,148,109 7,148,109 7,	491,184 343,075
Instructional support services 2,575,142 2,533,142 2,4	474,662 (58,480)
Pupil support services 3,336,354 3,263,354 3,	411,187 147,833
Sites and buildings 5,077,249 5,077,249 4,	569,602 (507,647)
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 90,900 90,900	90,121 (779)
Debt service	
Principal 160,000 160,000	238,894 78,894
Interest and fiscal charges 30,000 30,000	23,888 (6,112)
	992,263 (683,180)
Excess of revenue	
over expenditures 150,762 883,762 2,	066,046 1,182,284
Other financing sources	
Sale of capital assets – – –	4,500 4,500
Transfers in 482,862 482,862	_ (482,862)
Total other financing sources 482,862 482,862	4,500 (478,362)
Net change in fund balances \$ 633,624 \$ 1,366,624 2,0	070,546 \$ 703,922
Fund balances	
Beginning of year 7,5	920,440
End of year \$ 9,9	990,986

See notes to basic financial statements

Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2011

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2010)

		 2010		
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	1,788,627	\$ 1,784,628	
Due from other funds		77,418	121,667	
Total current assets		1,866,045	1,906,295	
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted assets – temporarily restricted				
Cash and cash equivalents		2,217,296	3,801,182	
Investments		7,589,664	5,247,212	
Total restricted assets – temporarily restricted		9,806,960	9,048,394	
Negative net OPEB obligation		41,387	 	
Total assets		11,714,392	10,954,689	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Severance benefits payable		60,073	90,023	
Long-term liabilities				
Severance benefits payable		1,380,504	1,370,889	
Net OPEB obligation		_	81,849	
Net pension obligation		168,304	98,062	
Total long-term liabilities		1,548,808	 1,550,800	
Total liabilities		1,608,881	1,640,823	
Net assets				
Restricted for OPEB liabilities		9,925,765	9,088,212	
Unrestricted		179,746	 225,654	
	\$	10,105,511	\$ 9,313,866	

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

		2010		
Operating revenue				
Charges for services	\$	698,429	\$	909,580
Operating expenses				
Severance benefits		56,838		67,897
Pension benefits		311,598		253,595
Other post-employment benefits		783,774		927,700
Total operating expenses		1,152,210		1,249,192
Operating income (loss)		(453,781)		(339,612)
Nonoperating revenue				
Investment earnings		1,245,426		169,909
Change in net assets		791,645		(169,703)
Net assets				
Beginning of year		9,313,866		9,483,569
End of year	\$	10,105,511	\$	9,313,866

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

	2011			2010		
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from assessments made to governmental funds	\$	742,678	\$	819,721		
Benefit payments		(1,225,539)		(1,372,036)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		(482,861)		(552,315)		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Purchase of investments		(8,403,881)		(1,615,941)		
Sales and maturities of investments		6,061,429		_		
Interest and dividends on investments		1,245,426		169,909		
Net cash flows from investing activities		(1,097,026)		(1,446,032)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,579,887)		(1,998,347)		
Cash and cash equivalents						
Beginning of year		5,585,810		7,584,157		
End of year	\$	4,005,923	\$	5,585,810		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash flows from operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(453,781)	\$	(339,612)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash flows from operating activities						
Changes in assets and liabilities						
Due from other funds		44,249		(89,859)		
Net pension obligation		70,242		(179,948)		
Net OPEB obligation		(123,236)		50,041		
Severance benefits payable	•	(20,335)		7,063		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(482,861)	\$	(552,315)		

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds as of June 30, 2011

	=	yee Benefits ust Fund	BEST Foundation Agency Fund		
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	40,604	\$	1,138,819	
Liabilities Due to plan participants Due to fiscal agent Due to BEST Foundation		28,372 - -	\$	46,700 1,092,119	
Total liabilities	•	28,372	\$	1,138,819	
Net assets Held in trust for flexible benefits and other purposes	\$	12,232			

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2011

	•	Employee Benefits Trust Fund			
Additions					
Plan member contributions	\$	274,975			
Deductions					
Flexible benefits to plan members		274,975			
Change in net assets		_			
Net assets					
Beginning of year	Application of the Control of the Co	12,232			
End of year	\$	12,232			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

Independent School District No. 199, Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota (the District) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. It is governed by a seven-member School Board elected by the voters of the District to serve four-year terms. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations that comprise the District, along with any component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

In addition to component units, the District is required to disclose its relationships with related organizations. The District is a member of Technology and Information Educational Services (TIES), a consortium of Minnesota school districts that provides data processing services and support to its member districts. TIES is a separate legal entity that is financially independent of the District. Further, the District does not appoint a voting majority of TIES' Board of Directors. Therefore, TIES is not included as part of the District's reporting entity. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the District paid TIES \$763,551 for services provided.

Extracurricular student activities are determined primarily by student participants under the guidance of an adult and are generally conducted outside of school hours. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District's School Board has elected not to control or be otherwise financially accountable with respect to the underlying extracurricular activities. Accordingly, the extracurricular student activity accounts are not included in these financial statements.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. For capital assets that can be specifically identified with, or allocated to, functional areas, depreciation expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. For capital assets that essentially serve all functional areas, depreciation expense is reported as "unallocated depreciation." Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements. The proprietary (internal service) funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the financial activity of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity. Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type: pension (or other benefit) trust and agency. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner:

1. Revenue Recognition – Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes; federal, state, and local grants and aids; and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

2. Recording of Expenditures – Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and other long-term liabilities, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in governmental funds. In the General Fund, capital expenditures are included within the applicable functional areas.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and trust funds use the economic resources measurement focus.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds is charges to customers (other district funds) for services. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District applies only those applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued on or before November 30, 1989 in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations.

Description of Funds

The existence of the various district funds has been established by the Minnesota Department of Education. Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. A description of the funds included in this report is as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund – The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities authorized by bond issue or capital project levies.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Food Service Special Revenue Fund – The Food Service Special Revenue Fund is primarily used to account for the District's child nutrition program.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund – The Community Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, or other similar services.

Proprietary Funds

Severance and Pension Benefits Internal Service Fund – The Severance and Pension Benefits Internal Service Fund is used to account for the payment and financing of its severance and pension benefit liabilities.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Internal Service Fund – The OPEB Internal Service Fund is used to account for the payment and financing of its OPEB liabilities, including the administration of assets held in a revocable trust to finance these liabilities.

Fiduciary Funds

Employee Benefit Trust Fund – The Employee Benefit Trust Fund is used to administer resources received and held by the District as the trustee for employees participating in the District's flexible benefit plan (Internal Revenue Code § 125 Cafeteria Plan).

Agency Fund – The Agency Fund is established to account for cash and other assets held by the District as the agent for others. The District maintains one Agency Fund for the administration of the BEST Foundation Scholarship Funds.

E. Budgetary Information

The School Board adopts annual budgets for all governmental funds prepared on the same basis of accounting as the fund financial statements. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Actual expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2011 exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$2,361,090 in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund. These overexpenditures were due to capital projects progressing more quickly than anticipated and were funded by available bond proceeds.

F. Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. Earnings from the investments of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund and all trust funds are allocated directly to those funds.

Restricted cash and investments include balances held in segregated accounts established for specific purposes. In the OPEB Internal Service Fund, this represents assets held in a revocable trust established to finance the District's liability for post-employment insurance benefits. Earnings on these investments are allocated directly to the OPEB Internal Service Fund.

Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, and U.S. treasury and agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less, and investments in 2a7-like external investment pools, are reported at amortized cost. Other investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from the time of purchase by the District of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The proprietary fund's equity in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

G. Receivables

When necessary, the District utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the District considers all of its current receivables to be collectible. The only receivables not expected to be fully collected within one year are property taxes receivable.

At June 30, 2011, the District reported the following receivables due from other governmental units:

Due from the Minnesota Department of Education	\$ 9,347,948
Due from other Minnesota school districts	135,476
Due from Dakota County and other	 87,732
Total due from other governmental units	\$ 9,571,156

H. Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of surplus commodities received from the federal government. Surplus commodities are stated at standardized costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures at the time of consumption.

J. Property Taxes

The majority of district revenue is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is then allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities.

Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the "tax shift," which periodically changes the District's recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year's levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. Currently, the mandated tax shift recognizes \$3,658,634 of the property tax levy collectible in 2011 as revenue to the District in fiscal year 2010–2011. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2011 is recorded as deferred revenue (property taxes levied for subsequent year).

Property tax levies are certified to the County Auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county generally remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected. A portion of property taxes levied is paid by the state of Minnesota through various tax credits, which are included in revenue from state sources in the financial statements.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is deferred in the fund-based financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes is considered necessary.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are generally sold for an immaterial amount or scrapped when declared as no longer fit or needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for buildings and improvements, and 5 to 20 years for furniture and equipment. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks or parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

L. Interfund Balances

The current portions of interfund balances representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as due to/due from other funds. Interfund balances and transactions are reported in the fund financial statements, but are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

At June 30, 2011, the General Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, and Community Service Special Revenue Fund had payables of \$75,208, \$821, and \$1,389, respectively, due to the OPEB Internal Service Fund for cash payments due to the revocable trust fund at year-end.

At June 30, 2011, the Community Service Special Revenue Fund had a payable of \$41,713 due to the General Fund, which represents an interfund loan to eliminate a temporary cash deficit.

The District transferred \$165,890 out of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund to the Debt Service Fund to transfer unspent bond proceeds and allocate proceeds from a new debt issue.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs, if material, are also reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums or discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources or uses, respectively. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Compensated Absences

Eligible employees accrue vacation and sick leave at varying rates as specified by contract, portions of which may be carried over to future years. Compensated absences are accrued in the governmental fund statements only to the extent they have been used or otherwise matured prior to year-end. Unused vacation accrued at year-end is insignificant, and no vacation liability has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements beyond the amounts that were used or matured by year-end. Unused sick leave enters into the calculation of severance benefits for some employees upon termination.

O. Severance

Under the terms of collectively bargained employment contracts, certain district employee groups, including teachers, may become eligible to receive lump sum severance benefits. Eligibility is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements.

Severance benefits are calculated by converting a portion of unused, accrued sick leave times a pay rate specified in the employee's collectively bargained contract. Severance benefits based on convertible sick leave are recorded as a liability in the Severance and Pension Benefits Internal Service Fund as they are earned and it becomes probable they will vest at some point in the future.

Employees may also elect to receive district matching contributions to their 403B individual retirement accounts. An individual's future severance benefits will be reduced by any 403B matching payments received. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, no employee can receive severance or retirement incentive benefits that exceed one year's salary.

P. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation. The District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in fiscal year 2011.

Q. Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are displayed in three components:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- Restricted Net Assets Consists of net assets restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

R. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- Committed Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to School Board resolution, the District's Bruce Rimstad is authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- Unassigned The residual classification for the General Fund which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

T. Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended June 30, 2011, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The District is implementing this standard retroactively, meaning prior year fund balance classifications have been restated. More information on these fund balance classifications is included elsewhere in these notes.

U. Prior Year Comparative Information

Certain prior year comparative information included in the basic financial statements has been restated to conform to the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Components of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at year-end consist of the following:

Deposits	\$ 10,289,362
Investments	 15,390,045
Total	\$ 25,679,407
Cash and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:	
Statement of Net Assets	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 14,693,024
Cash and investments for OPEB	9,806,960
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	
Cash and temporary investments – Employee Benefits Trust Fund	40,604
Cash and temporary investments – Agency Fund	 1,138,819
Total	\$ 25,679,407

B. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the School Board, including checking accounts, savings accounts, and non-negotiable certificates of deposit.

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The District's deposit policies do not further limit depository choices.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$10,289,362, while the balance on the bank records was \$11,881,526. At June 30, 2011, all of the District's deposits were insured or collateralized by securities held by the District's agent in the District's name.

C. Investments

The District has the following investments at year-end:

	Cred	Credit Risk Interest Risk – Maturity Duration in Years				
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Less Than 1	1 to 5	5 to 10	Total
U.S. agency securities	AAA	S&P	\$ 304,656	\$ 415,969	\$ -	\$ 720,625
Municipal bonds	A+	S&P		_	129,538	129,538
Municipal bonds	VMIG1	Moody's	_	_	125,000	125,000
Corporate obligations	AA1	Moody's		128,879		128,879
Corporate obligations	AA2	Moody's	_	133,441		133,441
Corporate obligations	A3	Moody's	230,279	418,139	_	648,418
Corporate obligations	A2	Moody's	176,053	1,057,787	_	1,233,840
Corporate obligations	A1	Moody's	127,161	324,309	_	451,470
Corporate obligations	AA-	S&P	_	757,546	-	757,546
Corporate obligations	A+	S&P	-	498,461	_	498,461
International obligations	N/R	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8,975
Equities	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,912,679
Real estate investment trusts	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	42,024
Investment pools/mutual funds	N/R	N/R	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,824,673
Investment pools/mutual funds	AAA	S&P	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,751,702
Investment pools/mutual funds	AAAm	S&P	N/A	N/A	N/A	22,774
Total investments						\$15,390,045

N/A – Not Applicable

N/R - Not Rated

The amount in investment pools/mutual funds includes \$4,479,612 invested in the MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio, which is an external investment pool regulated by Minnesota statutes not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follow the same regulatory rules of the SEC under rule 2a7. The District's investment in this fund is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool, which is based on an amortized cost method that approximates fair value.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the District would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although the District's investment policies do not directly address custodial credit risk, it typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments, or by the control of who holds the securities.

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers. For assets held in the District's revocable OPEB trust accounted for in its OPEB Internal Service Fund, the investment options available to the District are expanded to include the investment types specified in Minnesota Statute §356A.06, Subd. 7. The District's investment policies do not further restrict investing in specific financial instruments.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The District's investment policies do not limit the maturities of investments; however, when purchasing investments the District considers such things as interest rates and cash flow needs.

Concentration Risk – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the District's investments (considered 5 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The District's investment policies do not address concentration risk.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	В	alance – eginning of Year		Additions	ns Deletions		Balance – End of Year	
Capital assets, not depreciated								
Land	\$	421,200	\$	_	\$	_	\$	421,200
Construction in progress				4,162,412				4,162,412
Total capital assets, not								
depreciated		421,200		4,162,412		_		4,583,612
Capital assets, depreciated								
Buildings and improvements	5	6,212,325		44,750		_		56,257,075
Furniture and equipment		2,192,744		75,000		(59,080)		2,208,664
Total capital assets, depreciated	5	8,405,069		119,750		(59,080)		58,465,739
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings and improvements	(1	5,502,555)		(1,112,817)		_		(16,615,372)
Furniture and equipment	(1,552,884)		(119,579)		59,080		(1,613,383)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1	7,055,439)		(1,232,396)		59,080		(18,228,755)
Net capital assets, depreciated	4	1,349,630		(1,112,646)				40,236,984
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4	1,770,830		3,049,766	\$		\$	44,820,596

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2011 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Elementary and secondary regular instruction	\$	6,989
Pupil support services		68,143
Sites and buildings		14,280
Food service		14,082
Unallocated depreciation	-	1,128,902
Total depreciation expense	_\$_	1,232,396

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The District currently has the following general obligation bonds payable outstanding:

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Face/Par Value	Remaining Maturities	Principal Outstanding					
2005A Building Bonds	07/01/2005	4.25-5.00%	\$ 33,000,000	08/01/2011- 02/01/2026	\$ 30,765,000					
2009A Taxable OPEB Bonds	01/06/2009	6.00-6.75%	\$ 9,220,000	02/01/2015— 02/01/2028	9,220,000					
2010A Refunding Bonds	11/04/2010	2.00-3.00%	\$ 3,945,000	08/01/2011- 02/01/2017	3,945,000					
2011A Alternative Facilities Bonds	02/16/2011	0.50-4.00%	\$ 6,690,000	02/01/2012- 02/01/2026	6,690,000					
Total general obligation bonds payable										

These bonds were issued to finance acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities, to finance (refund) prior bond issues, or to finance OPEB. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with scheduled future ad valorem tax levies, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds. The annual future debt service levies authorized are equal to 105 percent of the principal and interest due each year. These levies are subject to reduction if fund balance amounts exceed limitations imposed by Minnesota law.

In November 2010, the District issued \$3,945,000 of General Obligation School Building Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A to advance refund the 2012–2017 maturities of its 2001A General Obligation School Building Bonds on their February 1, 2011 call date. As a result of this advance refunding, the District achieved a debt service savings of approximately \$397,926 with a present value of approximately \$399,413 using the yield of the bonds as the discount factor.

B. Special Assessments Payable

In January 2000, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Inver Grove Heights for payment of \$350,000 in special assessments for Cahill Avenue improvements. The assessments require annual principal and interest payments of varying amounts (at an interest rate of 5.5 percent) over a period of 20 years, maturing in July 2020. The assessments are being repaid through the General Fund.

C. Capital Leases Payable

The District has entered into two capital lease agreements for computer equipment. The leases bear an interest rate of 2.90 percent, and require equal annual payments through January 15, 2012 and April 16, 2012, respectively. The individual values of the leased assets (computers) were below the District's capitalization threshold, and they have not been recorded as capital assets. The leases are being paid through the General Fund.

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

D. Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments to maturity for general obligation bonds, special assessments, and capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds					Special Assessments				Capital Leases			
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest	
2012	\$	1.940.000	\$	2.456.832	\$	12,500	\$	6,531	\$	243,228	\$	7,054	
2013	Ψ	2,055,000	Ψ	2,355,300	Ψ	12,500	Ψ	5,844	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	
2014		2,235,000		2,259,313		12,500		5,156				_	
2015		2,430,000		2,152,163		12,500		4,469		_		_	
2016		2,530,000		2,023,198		12,500		3,782				_	
2017-2021		14,600,000		8,101,685		56,250		8,593					
2022-2026		18,090,000		4,707,525		_		_		_		_	
2027-2028		6,740,000		688,560				_		_		_	
		50,620,000	_\$	24,744,576	\$	118,750	_\$_	34,375	\$	243,228	\$	7,054	

E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	June 30, 2010	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2011	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds payable Plus premium	\$ 45,380,000 380,328	\$ 10,635,000 131,521	\$ 5,395,000 83,021	\$ 50,620,000 428,828	\$ 1,940,000 -
Total bonds payable	45,760,328	10,766,521	5,478,021	51,048,828	1,940,000
Special assessments payable	131,250	_	12,500	118,750	12,500
Capital leases payable	469,622	-	226,394	243,228	243,228
Severance payable	1,460,912	56,838	77,173	1,440,577	60,073
Net OPEB obligation (Note 6)	81,849	783,774	865,623	_ *	_
Net pension obligation (Note 7)	98,062 311,598		241,356	168,304	
	\$ 48,002,023	\$ 11,918,731	\$ 6,901,067	\$ 53,019,687	\$ 2,255,801

^{*} As of June 30, 2011, cumulative OPEB contributions exceeded the OPEB costs amortized to date, creating a "negative net OPEB obligation," which is reported as an asset in the government-wide and Internal Service Fund financial statements.

NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES

During fiscal 2011, the District retroactively implemented the requirements of a new accounting pronouncement, GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions."

The following is a breakdown of equity components of governmental funds which are defined earlier in the report. Any such restrictions which have an accumulated deficit rather than positive balance at June 30 are included in unassigned fund balance in the District's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, a description of these deficit balance restrictions is included herein since the District has specific authority to future resources for such deficits.

NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

A. Classifications

At June 30, 2011, a summary of the District's governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General Fund		Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund		Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total
Nonspendable									
Prepaid items	\$	96,952	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	96,952
Inventory			 				38,024		38,024
Total nonspendable		96,952	_		_		38,024		134,976
Restricted									
Staff development		47,991	-		*****		_		47,991
Operating capital		795,141	_		_		_		795,141
Deferred maintenance		851,717	_		_		_		851,717
Alternative facilities		_	2,428,047		_		_		2,428,047
Food service			anno.				989,153		989,153
School readiness		_	_		_	6,368			6,368
Early childhood and family									
education		_	Name of the Control o				7,095		7,095
Building construction		_	30,773		_		_		30,773
Debt service		_	_		810,779				810,779
Total restricted		1,694,849	2,458,820		810,779		1,002,616	<u></u>	5,967,064
Assigned									
Next year's budget		492,818			-				492,818
Separation and severance		1,583,225					_		1,583,225
Reading adoption		800,000	_				_		800,000
Other capital projects		601,075			-				601,075
Total assigned	•	3,477,118	_		_				3,477,118
Unassigned									
Health and safety restricted									
account deficit		(85,139)	-		*****		_		(85,139)
Unassigned	4	1,807,206			****		(15,201)		4,792,005
Total unassigned	-	1,722,067	 				(15,201)		4,706,866
Total	\$ 9	9,990,986	\$ 2,458,820	\$	810,779	\$	1,025,439	_\$_	14,286,024

B. Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy

The School Board has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding the minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The policy establishes a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of 8 percent of the annual projected expenditures. At June 30, 2011, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 13 percent of the annual projected expenditures.

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District provides post-employment insurance benefits to certain eligible employees through its OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements.

Employees that meet certain age and/or length of service requirements are eligible for post-retirement healthcare benefits. For teachers that retired by June 30, 2007, the District is contractually required to pay health insurance premiums for a period of seven years from the date of retirement. The amount to be paid is equal to the single coverage insurance premium benefit available to full-time employees in the bargaining group. Eligible full-time teachers retiring after June 30, 2007 with 20 years of continuous service receive a one-time benefit of \$30,000. Part-time teachers that retire with at least 25 years of continuous service working at least half of a full-time schedule will receive a pro-rated portion of the \$30,000 benefit. Eligible principals receive a one-time benefit of \$60,000 if hired before July 1, 2008, or \$30,000 if hired on or after July 1, 2008. All benefits are to be paid into an individual healthcare savings plan account administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System.

The District is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees, whether the premiums are paid by the District or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the District's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

B. Funding Policy

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to pre-fund benefits as determined annually by the District. The District has established a separate Internal Service Fund to account for these obligations.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on annual required contributions (ARC) of the District, an amount determined on an actuarially determined basis in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution	\$	784,908
Interest on net OPEB obligation		4,092
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(5,226)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		783,774
Contributions made		907,010
Increase in net OPEB obligation	-	(123,236)
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	-	81,849
Negative net OPEB obligation – end of year	_\$	(41,387)

NOTE 6 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	0	et OPEB bligation ning of Year	0	Annual OPEB Cost		Employer ontribution	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Ň	Negative) et OPEB bligation
June 30, 2009	\$	-	\$	926,403	\$	894,595	94.6%	\$	31,808
June 30, 2010	\$	31,808	\$	927,700	\$	877,659	94.6%	\$	81,849
June 30, 2011	\$	81,849	\$	783,774	\$	907,010	115.7%	\$	(41,387)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,100,277, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$7,100,277. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$19,203,164, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 36.97 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to basic financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included: a 5.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) based on the District's own investments; an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent after 18 years for medical insurance. The UAAL is being amortized on a level dollar basis over a closed period. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2010 for the various amortization layers ranged from 28 to 30 years.

NOTE 7 - PENSION BENEFITS PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District provides pension benefits to certain eligible employees through its Pension Benefits Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. All pension benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements. These benefits are summarized as follows:

Teacher Pension Benefits – Teachers hired before July 1, 1997 that meet certain years of service and/or age requirements are eligible to receive an additional retirement incentive benefit. Teachers accumulate 5 days of credit for each full year of service to the District (or a pro-rata benefit based on years of service working half of a full-time equivalent service or greater) up through the fiscal year in which the employee reaches the age of 55. The benefit is based on an employee's rate of pay during the fiscal year in which the employee reaches the age of 55, and is paid out in two equal payments due on May 31 of the calendar year in which the eligible employee retires and the following January 15. Beneficiaries that continue to be employed by the District after the age of 55 do not accrue additional retirement incentive benefits. These benefits are accrued in the Severance and Pension Benefits Internal Service Fund as they vest.

B. Funding Policy

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. The District is accounting for this obligation in its Severance and Pension Benefits Internal Service Fund.

C. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The District's annual pension cost (expense) is calculated based on ARC of the District, an amount determined on an actuarially determined basis in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement Nos. 25, 27, and 50. The ARC represents a level funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual pension cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the District's net pension obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 313,431
Interest on net pension obligation	4,168
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(6,001)
Annual pension cost (expense)	 311,598
Contributions made	241,356
Increase in net pension obligation	 70,242
Net pension obligation – beginning of year	 98,062
Net pension obligation – end of year	\$ 168,304

NOTE 7 – PENSION BENEFITS PLAN (CONTINUED)

The District's annual pension cost, the percentage of annual pension cost contributed to the plan, and the net pension obligation for the year are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			Pe	Annual	Employer ontribution	Percentage of Annual Pension Cost Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
June 30, 2009	\$	_	\$	622,702	\$ 344,692	55.4%	\$	278,010	
June 30, 2010	\$	278,010	\$	253,595	\$ 433,543	171.0%	\$	98,062	
June 30, 2011	\$	98,062	\$	311,598	\$ 241,356	77.5%	\$	168,304	

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,582,625, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in a UAAL of \$2,582,625. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,561,581, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 46.4 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to basic financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included: a 4.25 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) based on the District's own investments and a 3.0 percent salary increase for all members. The UAAL is being amortized on a level dollar basis over an open period. The remaining amortization periods at July 1, 2010 for the various amortization layers ranged from 28 to 30 years.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE

Substantially all employees of the District are required by state law to belong to defined benefit, multi-employer, cost-sharing pension plans administered by the Teachers' Retirement Association (TRA) or Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA), all of which are administered on a state-wide basis. Disclosures relating to these plans are as follows:

Teachers' Retirement Association (TRA)

A. Plan Description

All teachers employed by the District are covered by defined benefit plans administered by TRA. TRA members belong to either the Coordinated or Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356.

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statute and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989 receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II as described below:

Tier I

	Step Rate Formula	Percentage per Year		
Basic Plan	First 10 years	2.2 percent		
	First 10 years All years after ated Plan First 10 years if service years are prior to July 1, 2006			
Coordinated Pla	n			
	First 10 years if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.2 percent		
	First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 percent		
	All other years of service if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.7 percent		
	All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 percent		

With these provisions:

- Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- Three percent per year early retirement reduction factors for all years under normal retirement age.
- Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

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NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Tier II

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent for Basic Plan members applies. Actuarially equivalent early retirement reduction factors with augmentation are used for early retirement before the normal age of 65. These reduction factors average approximately 4–5.5 percent per year.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989 receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans which have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

TRA publicly issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presenting financial statements, supplemental information on funding levels, investment performance, and further information on benefits provisions. The report may be accessed at the TRA website at tra.state.mn.us. Alternatively, a copy of the report may be obtained by writing TRA at Teachers' Retirement Association, 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-4000 or by calling (651) 296–6449 or (800) 657–3853.

B. Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employee and employer contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. Coordinated and Basic Plan members are required to contribute 5.5 percent and 9.0 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary as employee contributions. The TRA employer contribution rates are 5.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members and 9.5 percent for Basic Plan members. Total covered payroll salaries for all TRA members state-wide during the fiscal years June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were approximately \$3.79 billion, \$3.76 billion, and \$3.65 billion, respectively.

The District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$921,699, \$933,867, and \$934,511, respectively, equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The 2010 Legislature approved employee and employer contribution rate increases to be phased-in over a four-year period beginning July 1, 2011. Employee and employer contribution rates will rise 0.5 percent each year of the four-year period. Beginning July 1, 2014, TRA Coordinated Plan employee and employer contribution rates will each be 7.5 percent.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA)

A. Plan Description

All non-teacher full-time and certain part-time employees of the District are covered by defined benefit plans administered by PERA. PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF), which is a cost-sharing, multi-employer retirement plan. This plan is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute, and vest after three years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For all GERF members hired prior to July 1, 1989 whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 65 for Basic and Coordinated Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989. Normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66 for Coordinated Plan members hired on or after July 1, 1989. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

There are different types of annuities available to members upon retirement. A single-life annuity is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. There are also various types of joint and survivor annuity options available which will be payable over joint lives. Members may also leave their contributions in the fund upon termination of public service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Refunds of contributions are available at any time to members who leave public service, but before retirement benefits begin.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GERF. That report may be obtained on the web at mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling (651) 296–7460 or (800) 652–9026.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

B. Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The District makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. GERF Basic and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1 percent and 6.0 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2010. The contribution rate for Coordinated Plan members increased to 6.25 percent effective January 1, 2011. The District was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll: 11.78 percent for Basic Plan members and 7.00 percent for Coordinated Plan members. Employer contribution rates for the Coordinated Plan increased to 7.25 percent effective January 1, 2011.

The District's contributions to GERF for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$376,891, \$363,625, and \$344,900, respectively, equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

NOTE 9 – FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District has established a Flexible Benefit Plan (FBP). FBP is a "cafeteria plan" under § 125 of the Internal Revenue Code. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pre-tax dollars withheld from payroll checks to FBP for healthcare and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the FBP year, which is from January 1 to December 31, each participant designates a total amount of pre-tax dollars to be contributed to FBP during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the medical reimbursement portion of FBP, whether or not such contributions have been made.

The employee portion of insurance premiums (health, dental, life, and disability) is made by the District directly to the designated insurance companies. These payments are made on a monthly basis and are accounted for in the General Fund.

Amounts withheld for medical reimbursement and dependent care are deposited into a separate district checking account on a monthly basis. Payments are made by the District to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses incurred by the employee. The medical reimbursement and dependent care activity is included in the financial statements as an Employee Benefit Trust Fund.

All property of FBP and income attributable to that property is solely the property of FBP and is equal to that of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to the eligible healthcare and dependent care expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

NOTE 10 - STEWARDSHIP AND ACCOUNTABILITY

At June 30, 2011, the District had a deficit fund balance in the Nonmajor Community Service Special Revenue Fund of \$1,738.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Operating Lease - Fifth Avenue Plaza Shopping Center

In May 2011, the District entered into an agreement to lease building space located in the Fifth Avenue Plaza Shopping Center for a 26-month period ending June 30, 2013. The agreement calls for base rental payments of \$16,840 per month over the term of the lease. In addition, the District must pay a pro-rata share of certain expenses for the property, including real estate taxes and maintenance costs. During the year ended June 30, 2011, the District paid rent plus expenses of \$277,147 under this agreement and a previous agreement to lease the same space. Future minimum lease payments under this agreement are \$202,080 annually for the years ending June 30, 2012 and 2013.

The District sublets portions of this property to other entities on a year-to-year basis. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the District received \$48,365 under such sublease agreements.

B. Operating Lease – Inver Grove Heights Community Center and Armory

In May 1995, the District entered into an agreement to lease space in the Inver Grove Heights Community Center and Armory from the City of Inver Grove Heights. The lease term runs for 20 years beginning December 1, 1995 and calls for annual rental of \$100,000 payable in two equal payments due July 15 and December 15 of each year beginning July 15, 1995. During the year ended June 30, 2011, the District paid rent of \$100,000 under this agreement.

C. Operating Lease - Inver Grove Heights Aquatic and Fitness Center

In December 1999, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Inver Grove Heights to lease the use of space in the Inver Grove Heights Aquatic and Fitness Center. The lease term runs for 20 years commencing July 1, 2001 and calls for annual rental ranging from \$235,000 to \$350,000 due in two equal payments each July 15 and January 15 beginning July 15, 2001. During the year ended June 30, 2011, the District paid rent of \$244,000 under this agreement.

D. Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2011, the District had commitments totaling \$3,380,865 under various construction contracts for which the work was not yet completed.

E. Federal and State Revenues

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

F. Legal Claims

The District has the usual and customary types of legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and usually covered by insurance carried for that purpose. The District's management believes that the District will not incur any material liabilities relating to these claims, and none have been accrued at year-end.



Required Supplementary Information Schedules of Funding Progress June 30, 2011

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Valuation Accrued Value of					Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Funded Liability Ratio			************	Covered Payroll	Percentage	Liability as a Percentage of Payroll	
July 1, 2008 July 1, 2010	\$ \$	9,088,650 7,100,277	\$ \$	- -	\$ \$	9,088,650 7,100,277	_	% %	\$ \$	23,139,049 19,203,164	39.3 37.0		

Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Va	tuarial lue of Assets	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Func Rat		-	Covered Payroll	Unfunded Liability as a Percentage of Payroll
July 1, 2008	\$ 2,937,702	\$	_	\$ 2,937,702	_	9/	6 \$	10,236,150	28.7 %
July 1, 2010	\$ 2,582,625	\$	_	\$ 2,582,625	_	9/	ó \$	5,561,581	46.4 %

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds		
	Community		
	Food Service	Service	Total
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,058,559	\$ -	\$ 1,058,559
Receivables			
Current taxes	_	246,765	246,765
Delinquent taxes	_	5,035	5,035
Accounts and interest	_	2,726	2,726
Due from other governmental units	1,945	132,169	134,114
Inventory	38,024		38,024
Total assets	\$ 1,098,528	\$ 386,695	\$ 1,485,223
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Salaries payable	\$ 22,507	\$ 64,238	\$ 86,745
Accounts and contracts payable	15,418	28,015	43,433
Due to other governmental units	, _	27,622	27,622
Due to other funds	821	43,102	43,923
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	_	220,421	220,421
Unearned revenue	32,605	· —	32,605
Deferred revenue	_	5,035	5,035
Total liabilities	71,351	388,433	459,784
Fund balances (deficit)			
Nonspendable for inventory	38,024	_	38,024
Restricted	989,153	13,463	1,002,616
Unassigned	_	(15,201)	(15,201)
Total fund balances (deficit)	1,027,177	(1,738)	1,025,439
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,098,528	\$ 386,695	\$ 1,485,223

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Special Re	Special Revenue Funds	
		Community	
	Food Service	Service	Total
D			
Revenue			
Local sources	•	* ** ** ** ** ** ** **	h 500 000
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 532,823	\$ 532,823
Investment earnings	2,152	868	3,020
Other	868,676	1,544,349	2,413,025
State sources (shifted)	82,054	(7,020)	75,034
Federal sources	816,196	_	816,196
Total revenue	1,769,078	2,071,020	3,840,098
Expenditures			
Current			
Food service	1,642,749	_	1,642,749
Community service	_	2,177,391	2,177,391
Capital outlay	40,840	19,982	60,822
Total expenditures	1,683,589	2,197,373	3,880,962
Net change in fund balances	85,489	(126,353)	(40,864)
Fund balances (deficit)			
Beginning of year	941,688	124,615	1,066,303
End of year	\$ 1,027,177	\$ (1,738)	\$ 1,025,439

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2011 and 2010

	2011	2010
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 3,657,837	\$ 4,698,996
Receivables		
Current taxes	3,972,244	4,097,016
Delinquent taxes	128,808	102,174
Accounts and interest	63,236	48,973
Due from other governmental units	9,368,506	8,793,359
Due from other funds	41,713	_
Prepaid items	96,952	90,303
Total assets	\$ 17,329,296	\$ 17,830,821
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Salaries payable	\$ 1,582,041	\$ 1,576,594
Accounts and contracts payable	1,847,597	1,867,558
Due to other governmental units	189,286	82,992
Due to other funds	75,208	119,457
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	3,515,370	6,161,606
Deferred revenue – delinquent taxes	128,808	102,174
Total liabilities	7,338,310	9,910,381
Fund balances (deficits)		
Nonspendable for prepaid items	96,952	90,303
Restricted for staff development	47,991	122,262
Restricted for deferred maintenance	851,717	762,580
Restricted for operating capital	795,141	1,217,983
Restricted for safe schools	_	42,807
Assigned for next year's budget	492,818	· —
Assigned for separation and severance	1,583,225	1,283,225
Assigned for reading adoption	800,000	· · ·
Assigned for other capital projects	601,075	_
Unassigned – health and safety restricted account deficit	(85,139)	(216,713)
Unassigned	4,807,206	4,617,993
Total fund balances	9,990,986	7,920,440
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 17,329,296	\$ 17,830,821

General Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

				2011				2010
					Ov	er (Under)		
		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual
Revenue								
Local sources	Φ	0.516.000	Φ	0.525.420	ø	10 249	•	6 022 012
Property taxes	\$	9,516,090	\$	9,535,438	\$	19,348	\$	6,932,013
Investment earnings		15,000		14,113		(887)		18,880
Other		1,331,522		1,492,704		161,182		1,772,486
State sources		25,453,215		25,838,666		385,451		25,400,140
Federal sources		2,243,378		2,177,388		(65,990)		4,250,082
Total revenue		38,559,205		39,058,309		499,104		38,373,601
Expenditures								
Current								
Administration								
Salaries		1,127,811		1,008,366		(119,445)		1,017,759
Employee benefits		315,772		301,507		(14,265)		295,120
Purchased services		43,560		23,632		(19,928)		27,693
Supplies and materials		20,163		13,436		(6,727)		15,210
Other expenditures		34,825		22,726		(12,099)		25,629
Total administration		1,542,131		1,369,667		(172,464)		1,381,411
District support services								
Salaries		396,195		389,540		(6,655)		381,490
Employee benefits		147,622		102,929		(44,693)		116,217
Purchased services		364,350		276,782		(87,568)		305,368
Supplies and materials		24,000		21,942		(2,058)		24,802
Capital expenditures		200,000		149,647		(50,353)		151,713
Other expenditures		3,200		3,889		689		3,021
Total district support services		1,135,367		944,729		(190,638)		982,611
Elementary and secondary regular instruction								
Salaries		11,862,395		11,071,359		(791,036)		11,368,513
Employee benefits		3,768,257		3,620,710		(147,547)		3,570,586
Purchased services		393,675		687,347		293,672		494,685
Supplies and materials		482,587		652,534		169,947		619,612
Capital expenditures		7,000		13,640		6,640		318,724
Other expenditures		10,200		11,989		1,789		11,407
Total elementary and secondary regular								
instruction		16,524,114		16,057,579		(466,535)		16,383,527

(continued)

General Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

		2010		
•			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Vocational education instruction				
Salaries	134,750	274,392	139,642	332,344
Employee benefits	36,327	35,614	(713)	34,999
Purchased services	_	1,401	1,401	724
Supplies and materials	_	8,425	8,425	15,649
Capital expenditures	_	918	918	
Other expenditures	_	_	<u> </u>	70
Total vocational education instruction	171,077	320,750	149,673	383,786
Special education instruction				
Salaries	4,696,977	4,876,502	179,525	4,773,081
Employee benefits	1,481,492	1,549,887	68,395	1,415,155
Purchased services	855,525	853,649	(1,876)	830,815
Supplies and materials	111,490	166,695	55,205	101,534
Capital expenditures	_	44,426	44,426	36,027
Other expenditures	2,625	25	(2,600)	2,892
Total special education instruction	7,148,109	7,491,184	343,075	7,159,504
Instructional support services				
Salaries	1,774,161	1,618,529	(155,632)	1,587,073
Employee benefits	442,571	437,664	(4,907)	404,194
Purchased services	302,460	391,854	89,394	322,637
Supplies and materials	13,950	26,615	12,665	17,767
Other expenditures				89
Total instructional support services	2,533,142	2,474,662	(58,480)	2,331,760
Pupil support services				
Salaries	1,221,943	1,165,332	(56,611)	1,205,535
Employee benefits	344,336	341,496	(2,840)	358,011
Purchased services	1,501,975	1,679,231	177,256	1,511,843
Supplies and materials	99,800	136,517	36,717	136,677
Capital expenditures	95,000	87,957	(7,043)	46,930
Other expenditures	300	654	354	515
Total pupil support services	3,263,354	3,411,187	147,833	3,259,511

(continued)

General Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

		2010		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Sites and buildings				
Salaries	1,210,350	1,184,781	(25,569)	1,149,699
Employee benefits	393,697	349,140	(44,557)	355,901
Purchased services	673,698	892,686	218,988	716,776
Supplies and materials	1,117,500	531,936	(585,564)	544,666
Capital expenditures	1,682,004	1,611,059	(70,945)	1,701,425
Total sites and buildings	5,077,249	4,569,602	(507,647)	4,468,467
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs				
Purchased services	90,900	90,121	(779)	86,525
Debt service				
Principal	160,000	238,894	78,894	72,782
Interest and fiscal charges	30,000	23,888	(6,112)	7,906
Total debt service	190,000	262,782	72,782	80,688
Total expenditures	37,675,443	36,992,263	(683,180)	36,517,790
Excess of revenue over				
expenditures	883,762	2,066,046	1,182,284	1,855,811
Other financing sources				
Capital lease	-	_	_	149,904
Sale of capital assets	_	4,500	4,500	10,000
Transfers in	482,862	_	(482,862)	-
Total other financing sources	482,862	4,500	(478,362)	159,904
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,366,624	2,070,546	\$ 703,922	2,015,715
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		7,920,440		5,904,725
End of year		\$ 9,990,986		\$ 7,920,440

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2011 and 2010

	2011		2010	
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	1,058,559	\$	932,569
Receivables		1.045		
Due from other governmental units		1,945		- 56 012
Inventory		38,024		56,013
Total assets	\$	1,098,528	\$	988,582
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Salaries payable	\$	22,507	\$	_
Accounts and contracts payable		15,418		15,357
Due to other funds		821		821
Unearned revenue		32,605		30,716
Total liabilities		71,351		46,894
Fund balances				
Nonspendable for inventories		38,024		56,013
Restricted for food service		989,153		885,675
Total fund balances		1,027,177		941,688
Total liabilities and fund balances		1,098,528	\$	988,582

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

		2011			
			Over (Under)		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	
Revenue					
Local sources					
Investment earnings	\$ 12,500	\$ 2,152	\$ (10,348)	\$ 3,180	
Other – primarily meal sales	953,545	868,676	(84,869)	953,106	
State sources	84,659	82,054	(2,605)	84,166	
Federal sources	728,762	816,196	87,434	787,158	
Total revenue	1,779,466	1,769,078	(10,388)	1,827,610	
Expenditures					
Current					
Salaries	573,564	593,575	20,011	586,091	
Employee benefits	195,159	206,513	11,354	192,623	
Purchased services	73,260	48,452	(24,808)	57,576	
Supplies and materials	902,949	792,567	(110,382)	808,215	
Other expenditures	2,930	1,642	(1,288)	1,670	
Capital outlay	13,200	40,840	27,640	25,473	
Total expenditures	1,761,062	1,683,589	(77,473)	1,671,648	
Excess of revenue					
over expenditures	18,404	85,489	67,085	155,962	
Other financing sources					
Sale of capital assets				3,835	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 18,404	85,489	\$ 67,085	159,797	
Fund balances					
Beginning of year		941,688		781,891	
End of year		\$ 1,027,177		\$ 941,688	

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2011 and 2010

	2011			2010
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	_	\$	339,382
Receivables				
Current taxes		246,765		161,419
Delinquent taxes		5,035		3,592
Accounts and interest		2,726		27,429
Due from other governmental units		132,169		61,189
Total assets		386,695	\$	593,011
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Salaries payable	\$	64,238	\$	37,209
Accounts and contracts payable		28,015		33,583
Due to other governmental units		27,622		22,292
Due to other funds		43,102		1,389
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		220,421		339,197
Unearned revenue		_		31,134
Deferred revenue – delinquent taxes		5,035		3,592
Total liabilities		388,433		468,396
Fund balances (deficit)				
Restricted for community education programs		_		105,533
Restricted for early childhood family education programs		7,095		9,318
Restricted for school readiness		6,368		2,413
Restricted for community service		_		7,351
Unassigned		(15,201)		_
Total fund balances (deficit)		(1,738)		124,615
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	386,695	\$	593,011

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

		2010		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 611,142	\$ 532,823	\$ (78,319)	\$ 323,818
Investment earnings	15,000	868	(14,132)	2,477
Other – primarily tuition and fees	1,582,310	1,544,349	(37,961)	1,522,329
State sources (shifted)	(23,732)	(7,020)	16,712	150,452
Total revenue	2,184,720	2,071,020	(113,700)	1,999,076
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	1,145,214	1,013,862	(131,352)	1,014,106
Employee benefits	295,052	253,195	(41,857)	257,203
Purchased services	803,982	807,351	3,369	810,480
Supplies and materials	65,773	58,781	(6,992)	69,846
Other expenditures	11,248	44,202	32,954	54,063
Capital outlay	13,350	19,982	6,632	13,261
Total expenditures	2,334,619	2,197,373	(137,246)	2,218,959
Net change in fund balances	\$ (149,899)	(126,353)	\$ 23,546	(219,883)
Fund balances (deficit)				
Beginning of year		124,615		344,498
End of year		\$ (1,738)		\$ 124,615

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2011 and 2010

	2011		2010	
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	5,647,174	\$	172,786
Receivables		5 (00		
Accounts and interest		5,688		
Total assets	\$	5,652,862	\$	172,786
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	3,194,042	\$	5,964
Fund balances				
Restricted for alternative facilities program		2,428,047		_
Restricted for building construction		30,773		166,822
Total fund balances		2,458,820		166,822
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,652,862	\$	172,786

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

			2010	
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Investment earnings	\$ 1,850	\$ 9,475	\$ 7,625	\$ 598
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
Purchased services	527,000	602,955	75,955	15,240
Capital expenditures	1,313,000	3,598,135	2,285,135	11,923
Total expenditures	1,840,000	4,201,090	2,361,090	27,163
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(1,838,150)	(4,191,615)	(2,353,465)	(26,565)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Debt issued	6,584,872	6,690,000	105,128	_
Discount on debt issued	_	(40,497)	(40,497)	_
Transfers (out)	_	(165,890)	(165,890)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,584,872	6,483,613	(101,259)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,746,722	2,291,998	\$ (2,454,724)	(26,565)
P. 11.1				
Fund balances		166 922		102 207
Beginning of year		166,822		193,387
End of year		\$ 2,458,820		\$ 166,822

Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2011 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2010)

	Regular	OPEB		
	Debt Service Debt Se		То	tals
	Account	Account	2011	2010
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,230,947	\$ 309,880	\$ 2,540,827	\$ 2,083,088
Receivables				
Current taxes	2,115,154	362,300	2,477,454	2,044,766
Delinquent taxes	47,322	8,379	55,701	44,018
Due from other governmental units	56,294	12,242	68,536	62,660
Total assets	\$ 4,449,717	\$ 692,801	\$ 5,142,518	\$ 4,234,532
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	\$ 3,645,288	\$ 630,750	\$ 4,276,038	\$ 3,567,428
Deferred revenue – delinquent taxes	47,322	8,379	55,701	44,018
Total liabilities	3,692,610	639,129	4,331,739	3,611,446
Fund balances				
Restricted for debt service	757,107	53,672	810,779	623,086
Restricted for dear service	757,107	33,072	010,777	023,000
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,449,717	\$ 692,801	\$ 5,142,518	\$ 4,234,532

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

			2011			2010
			Actual			-
		Regular	OPEB			
		Debt Service	Debt Service		Over (Under)	
	Budget	Account	Account	Total	Budget	Actual
Revenue						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$ 2,800,204	\$ 2,774,620	\$ 610,758	\$ 3,385,378	\$ 585,174	\$ 3,353,557
Investment earnings	7,500	3,588	· _	3,588	(3,912)	1,889
State sources	123,025	137,276	30,252	167,528	44,503	146,910
Total revenue	2,930,729	2,915,484	641,010	3,556,494	625,765	3,502,356
Expenditures						
Debt service						
Principal	5,395,000	1,310,000	_	1,310,000	(4,085,000)	1,150,000
Interest	1,610,660	1,610,660	613,323	2,223,983	613,323	2,316,274
Fiscal charges and other	1,500	32,276	450	32,726	31,226	3,196
Total expenditures	7,007,160	2,952,936	613,773	3,566,709	(3,440,451)	3,469,470
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures	(4,076,431)	(37,452)	27,237	(10,215)	4,066,216	32,886
Other financing sources (uses)						
Debt issued	4,111,606	3,945,000	_	3,945,000	(166,606)	_
Premium on debt issued	_	172,018		172,018	172,018	
Payments to refund bonds	_	(4,085,000)	_	(4,085,000)	(4,085,000)	_
Transfers in	_	165,890	_	165,890	165,890	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,111,606	197,908		197,908	(3,913,698)	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 35,175	160,456	27,237	187,693	\$ 152,518	32,886
Fund balances						
Beginning of year		596,651	26,435	623,086		590,200
End of year		\$ 757,107	\$ 53,672	\$ 810,779		\$ 623,086

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2010)

	Severance and Pension		Other Post-Employment			То		
		nefits Fund	Post-Employment Benefits Fund		_	2011		2010
Assets								
Current assets								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	1,788,627	\$	_	\$	1,788,627		1,784,628
Due from other funds		_		77,418		77,418		121,667
Total current assets		1,788,627		77,418		1,866,045		1,906,295
Noncurrent assets								
Restricted assets - temporarily restricted								
Cash and cash equivalents		_		2,217,296		2,217,296		3,801,182
Investments				7,589,664		7,589,664		5,247,212
Total restricted assets – temporarily restricted				9,806,960		9,806,960		9,048,394
Negative net OPEB obligation				41,387		41,387		
Total assets		1,788,627		9,925,765		11,714,392		10,954,689
Liabilities								
Current liabilities								
Severance benefits payable		60,073		_		60,073		90,023
Long-term liabilities								
Severance benefits payable		1,380,504		_		1,380,504		1,370,889
Net OPEB obligation		_		_		_		81,849
Net pension obligation		168,304				168,304		98,062
Total long-term liabilities		1,548,808	-			1,548,808		1,550,800
Total liabilities		1,608,881		_		1,608,881		1,640,823
Net assets								
Restricted for OPEB liabilities		_		9,925,765		9,925,765		9,088,212
Unrestricted		179,746				179,746		225,654
	\$	179,746	\$	9,925,765	\$	10,105,511	\$	9,313,866

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

	Severance and Pension		Other Post-Employment			To	tals	
	Ber	nefits Fund	B	enefits Fund	2011			2010
Operating revenue								
Contributions from governmental funds	\$	318,529	\$	379,900	\$	698,429	\$	909,580
Operating expenses								
Severance benefits		56,838		_		56,838		67,897
Pension benefits		311,598		_		311,598		253,595
Other post-employment benefits	,			783,774	783,774			927,700
Total operating expenses	368,436			783,774	1,152,210			1,249,192
Operating income (loss)		(49,907)		(403,874)		(453,781)		(339,612)
Nonoperating revenue								
Investment earnings		3,999	40-	1,241,427		1,245,426		169,909
Change in net assets		(45,908)		837,553		791,645		(169,703)
Net assets								
Beginning of year		225,654	···	9,088,212		9,313,866		9,483,569
End of year	\$	179,746	\$	9,925,765	\$	10,105,511		9,313,866

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2011

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2010)

		Severance nd Pension	Post	Other -Employment	To	tals
		enefits Fund		enefits Fund	2011	2010
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from assessments made to governmental funds	\$	318,529	\$	424,149	\$ 742,678	\$ 819,721
Benefit payments		(318,529)		(907,010)	(1,225,539)	(1,372,036)
Net cash flows from operating activities		_		(482,861)	(482,861)	(552,315)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of investments Sales and maturities of investments Interest and dividends on investments		- - 3,999		(8,403,881) 6,061,429 1,241,427	(8,403,881) 6,061,429 1,245,426	(1,615,941) - 169,909
Net cash flows from investing activities		3,999		(1,101,025)	(1,097,026)	(1,446,032)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		3,999		(1,583,886)	(1,579,887)	(1,998,347)
Cash and cash equivalents						
Beginning of year		1,784,628		3,801,182	5,585,810	7,584,157
End of year	\$	1,788,627		2,217,296	\$ 4,005,923	\$ 5,585,810
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net flows from operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$	(49,907)	\$	(403,874)	\$ (453,781)	\$ (339,612)
Due from other funds		_		44,249	44,249	(89,859)
Net pension obligation		70,242		_	70,242	(179,948)
Net OPEB obligation	· -			(123,236)	(123,236)	50,041
Severance benefits payable	(20,335)				(20,335)	7,063
Net cash flows from by operating activities	\$		\$	(482,861)	\$ (482,861)	\$ (552,315)

Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Balance – Beginning of Year Additions		I	Deletions	Balance – End of Year		
BEST Foundation							
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	1,128,106	\$ 325,558	\$	314,845	\$	1,138,819
Liabilities							
Due to fiscal agent Due to BEST Foundation	\$	46,630 1,081,476	\$ 46,700 223,868	\$	46,630 213,225	\$	46,700 1,092,119
Total liabilities	\$	1,128,106	\$ 270,568	\$	259,855	\$	1,138,819

SECTION III STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section of Independent School District No. 199, Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota's (the District) comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents:

	Page
Financial Trends	70
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	80
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.	
Debt Capacity	86
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	92
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	
Operating Indicators	95

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides, and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the District's CAFR for the relevant year.

Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		
Governmental activities											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 9,050,435	\$ 8,971,475	\$ 9,484,215	\$ 9,599,138	\$ 8,703,834	\$ 5,638,108	\$ 5,096,314	\$ 5,009,958	\$ 4,944,787		
Restricted	4,558,185	4,570,916	4,276,132	3,507,716	2,757,107	2,403,846	2,367,912	3,382,349	3,574,911		
Unrestricted	(17,764)	526,710	1,400,158	(676,123)	(788,222)	(668,081)	4,457,391	5,311,127	8,510,376		
Total governmental activities net assets	\$13,590,856	\$14,069,101	\$15,160,505	\$12,430,731	\$10,672,719	\$ 7,373,873	\$11,921,617	\$13,703,434	\$17,030,074		

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities									
Expenses	ф. 1.205.420	Ф 1 50 c 222	Ф 1 4 7 с ссо	Ф 1.744.0c0	Ф 1.5c0 1.41	Ф 1 2 <i>6</i> 7 100	A 1.500 100	A 1 410 202	Ф 1 412 Q46
Administration	\$ 1,395,438	\$ 1,506,222	\$ 1,476,669	\$ 1,744,068	\$ 1,568,141	\$ 1,267,400	\$ 1,568,100	\$ 1,410,292	\$ 1,413,246
District support services	812,396	867,658	960,767	969,215	1,028,908	1,026,514	1,028,899	996,250	951,640
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	14,435,976	15,519,245	14,925,614	16,438,321	15,941,838	16,638,409	16,499,940	16,389,973	16,281,999
Vocational education instruction	132,594	125,145	132,070	160,949	213,260	411,009	392,126	389,560	324,273
Special education instruction	6,558,636	6,840,966	6,798,512	7,189,364	7,738,399	8,388,707	7,398,059	7,313,624	7,577,765
Instructional support services	1,717,674	1,998,336	2,036,782	2,557,678	2,315,947	2,370,339	2,541,338	2,361,213	2,499,693
Pupil support services	2,614,115	2,654,854	2,861,403	2,935,944	2,861,214	2,971,179	3,189,324	3,293,788	3,420,588
Sites and buildings	4,267,917	4,014,781	3,673,839	4,743,900	7,337,423	8,226,708	5,583,255	4,511,048	4,599,496
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	142,253	166,037	172,638	170,317	168,440	102,736	80,594	86,525	90,121
Food service	1,545,164	1,552,857	1,668,026	1,622,843	1,682,282	1,678,391	1,690,081	1,716,313	1,708,253
Community service	1,972,189	1,892,069	1,890,187	1,833,799	2,000,399	2,021,807	2,120,802	2,240,630	2,215,072
Unallocated depreciation	666,564	646,728	654,740	640,108	593,763	690,032	1,137,350	1,130,667	1,128,902
Interest on long-term debt	836,852	814,911	777,574	2,005,456	1,757,200	1,715,119	1,931,424	2,253,696	2,211,874
Total governmental activities expenses	37,097,768	38,599,809	38,028,821	43,011,962	45,207,214	47,508,350	45,161,292	44,093,579	44,422,922
Program revenues									
Charges for services									
Administration and district support services	56,636	52,821	48,460	41,867	49,564	3,849	_	_	_
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	127,227	149,909	146,467	177,424	16,040	169,842	157,396	144,052	165,337
Special education instruction	612,082	366,264	631,040	601,019	492,229	328,464	590,234	429,820	312,294
Pupil support services	78,791	39,961	39,305	32,798	219,827	143,485	164,525	147,858	192,874
Sites and buildings	226,869	193,963	141,791	180,364	161,876	188,387	175,842	161,396	161,895
Food service	1,094,594	1,072,126	1,071,400	1,019,316	1,043,878	980,081	1,007,980	953,106	868,675
Community service	1,294,918	1,368,637	1,453,798	1,570,873	1,399,290	1,488,458	1,451,597	1,522,329	1,544,349
Operating grants and contributions	5,502,650	6,150,347	6,181,590	6,186,655	5,846,537	6,622,615	5,642,691	6,286,933	6,416,700
Capital grants and contributions	23,182	0,130,317	0,101,570	0,100,055	5,010,557	0,022,015	5,012,071	0,200,755	0,110,700
Total governmental activities program revenues	9,016,949	9,394,028	9,713,851	9,810,316	9,229,241	9,925,181	9,190,265	9,645,494	9,662,124
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,010,242	7,374,028	9,713,631	2,010,310	9,229,241	9,923,181	9,190,203	2,043,474	9,002,124
Net (expense) revenue	(28,080,819)	(29,205,781)	(28,314,970)	(33,201,646)	(35,977,973)	(37,583,169)	(35,971,027)	(34,448,085)	(34,760,798)
General revenues and other changes in net assets									
Taxes									
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	2,881,536	5,821,753	4,842,108	3,640,097	6,030,960	6,374,827	7,349,291	6,928,603	9,562,072
Property taxes, levied for community service	63,794	312,345	381,960	133,702	311,020	216,873	215,590	322,935	534,266
Property taxes, levied for debt service	1,520,846	1,104,525	1,301,087	391,896	2,344,447	2,548,573	2,664,904	3,360,096	3,397,061
General grants and aids	23,520,147	21,633,328	21,971,430	24,040,267	23,347,968	24,160,613	24,939,865	24,903,135	22,943,298
Other general revenues	1,299,841	412,969	330,115	424,092	466,095	308,398	410,537	518,200	375,119
Investment earnings	421,443	399,106	556,395	1,741,818	1,719,471	675,039	542,895	196,933	1,275,622
Total general revenues and other									
changes in net assets	29,707,607	29,684,026	29,383,095	30,371,872	34,219,961	34,284,323	36,123,082	36,229,902	38,087,438
Change in net assets	\$ 1,626,788	\$ 478,245	\$ 1,068,125	\$ (2,829,774)	\$ (1,758,012)	\$ (3,298,846)	\$ 152,055	\$ 1,781,817	\$ 3,326,640

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal 2003. This information is not available for previous fiscal years.

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Property Tax

Fiscal Year		neral Purpose	Community Service		Debt Service			Total
2003	\$	2,881,536	\$	63,794	\$	1,520,846	\$	4,466,176
	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	, ,
2004		5,821,753		312,345		1,104,525		7,238,623
2005		4,842,108		381,960		1,301,087		6,525,155
2006		3,640,097		133,702		391,896		4,165,695
2007		6,030,960		311,020		2,344,447		8,686,427
2008		6,374,827		216,873		2,548,573		9,140,273
2009		7,349,291		215,590		2,664,904		10,229,785
2010		6,928,603		322,935		3,360,096		10,611,634
2011		9,562,072		534,266		3,397,061		13,493,399

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal 2003. This information is not available for previous fiscal years.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year 2003 2004 2009 2010 2002 2005 2006 2007 2008 2011 General Fund Reserved 3,361,512 3,342,260 \$ 3,784,571 \$ 3,511,886 \$ 2,579,813 2,277,612 2,094,736 1,103,635 2,145,632 Unreserved 2,872,646 4,024,153 2,867,159 2,903,381 2,914,956 2,989,523 2,724,191 4,801,090 5,774,808 Nonspendable 96,952 Restricted 1,694,849 Assigned 3,477,118 Unassigned 4,722,067 Total General Fund 7.366,413 \$ 6,651,730 \$ 6,415,267 5,494,769 5.267.135 \$ 4.818.927 5.904.725 7.920.440 9,990,986 All other governmental funds Reserved \$ 7,521,602 \$ 7,147,495 \$ 7,235,445 \$ 7,304,816 \$ 654,956 579,176 \$ 502,077 \$ 342,687 117,264 \$ Unreserved, reported in Special revenue funds 857,210 988,125 1,018,890 988,125 962,888 671,948 699,750 783,702 949,039 Capital projects funds 31,541,268 11,109,687 2,273,852 193,387 166,822 Debt service funds 383,081 722,824 603,023 686,172 306,832 347,678 498,963 590,200 623,086 Nonspendable 38,024 Restricted 4,272,215 Unassigned, reported in Special revenue funds (15,201)

8,979,113

8,857,358

\$ 33,465,944

\$ 12,708,489

3,974,642

1,909,976

1,856,211

4,295,038

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal 2011, which established new fund balance classifications. Prior year amounts have not been restated.

Total all other governmental funds

8,761,893

8,858,444

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
Revenues											
Local sources											
Taxes	\$ 10,658,736	\$ 4,487,263	\$ 7,261,072	\$ 6,515,876	\$ 4,180,980	\$ 8,672,109	\$ 9,108,006	\$ 10,196,250	\$ 10,609,388	\$ 13,453,639	
Investment earnings	494,518	421,443	399,106	524,619	1,676,304	1,637,890	606,139	162,672	27,024	30,196	
Other	3.791.123	4,029,291	3,656,650	3,906,782	4,047,754	3,848,799	3,841,302	4,229,261	4,247,921	3,905,729	
State sources	21,638,188	27,313,644	26,068,679	26,152,864	28,287,342	27,297,876	28,745,668	28,146,841	25,781,668	26,081,228	
Federal sources	1,430,288	1,732,336	1,714,996	1,955,750	1,939,579	1,896,629	1,807,223	2,164,565	5,037,240	2,993,584	
Total revenues	38,012,853	37,983,977	39,100,503	39,055,891	40,131,959	43,353,303	44,108,338	44,899,589	45,703,241	46,464,376	
Total Te (Chaes	30,012,023	51,505,511	23,100,203	55,055,051	10,101,505	15,555,555	. 1,100,550	. 1,055,505	15,7 55,211	10,101,570	
Expenditures											
Current											
Administration	1,360,390	1,428,714	1,504,648	1,488,699	1,475,273	1,640,986	1,448,291	1,950,035	1,381,411	1,369,667	
District support services	758,460	807,796	865,114	957,265	958,308	1,031,478	1,067,131	1,160,932	982,611	944,729	
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	13,157,193	14,789,762	15,278,136	15,564,164	15,203,414	15,438,015	16,281,280	21,084,417	16,383,527	16,057,579	
Vocational education instruction	80,677	132,594	125,145	132,070	160,949	213,260	411,009	486,383	383,786	320,750	
Special education instruction	6,040,174	6,456,673	6,926,654	6,924,290	7,252,145	7,762,976	8,401,644	9,038,200	7,159,504	7,491,184	
Instructional support services	2,220,995	1,720,146	1,998,337	2,042,778	2,556,829	2,311,834	2,418,803	3,135,025	2,331,760	2,474,662	
Pupil support services	2,517,802	2,556,416	2,614,666	2,799,914	2,996,724	2,878,685	2,955,188	3,633,832	3,259,511	3,411,187	
Sites and buildings	3,707,003	4,733,126	4,164,862	3,687,982	4,789,336	4,796,627	4,882,944	5,440,052	4,468,467	4,569,602	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	147,363	142,253	166,037	172,638	170,317	168,440	102,736	80,594	86,525	90,121	
Food service	1,405,372	1,485,162	1,543,191	1,614,168	1,599,683	1,634,090	1,678,522	1,849,531	1,646,175	1,642,749	
Community service	1,947,152	1,934,213	1,888,769	1,878,801	1,835,889	1,873,041	2,006,623	2,440,545	2,164,896	2,177,391	
Capital outlay	162,797	76,025	3,834	88,981	2,568,122	22,083,398	9,121,987	2,162,373	106,699	4,261,912	
Debt service											
Principal	2,040,871	1,014,842	1,039,800	1,093,187	643,917	724,855	823,611	1,172,424	1,222,782	1,548,894	
Interest and fiscal charges	939,511	835,837	816,597	774,662	1,598,826	1,780,707	1,750,502	1,739,514	2,327,376	2,280,597	
Total expenditures	36,485,760	38,113,559	38,935,790	39,219,599	43,809,732	64,338,392	53,350,271	55,373,857	43,905,030	48,641,024	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,527,093	(129,582)	164,713	(163,708)	(3,677,773)	(20,985,089)	(9,241,933)	(10,474,268)	1,798,211	(2,176,648)	
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	165,890	
Transfers out	_	_	(1,500,000)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(165,890)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	826,666	450,000	_	_	_	29,878	17,600	13,835	4,500	
Bonds issued	1,425,000	_	_	_	33,000,000	_	_	9,220,000	_	10,635,000	
Capital leases		531,722	169,518	49,000	159,924	_	_	380,000	149,904		
Premiums on bonds issued	_		_	_	784,182	_	_	, _	_	172,018	
Discounts on bonds issued	(26,680)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(92,200)	_	(40,497)	
Payments to refund bonds	(1,407,864)	_	_	_	(6,700,000)	_	_	_	_	(4,085,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,544)	1,358,388	(880,482)	49,000	27,244,106		29,878	9,525,400	163,739	6,686,021	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,517,549	\$ 1,228,806	\$ (715,769)	\$ (114,708)	\$ 23,566,333	\$ (20,985,089)	\$ (9,212,055)	\$ (948,868)	\$ 1,961,950	\$ 4,509,373	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital											
expenditures	8.2%	4.9%	4.8%	4.8%	5.4%	5.9%	5.8%	5.5%	8.1%	8.6%	

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Property Tax

			Co	ommunity			
			Serv	vice Special		Debt	
Fiscal Year	G	eneral Fund	Rev	venue Fund	S	ervice Fund	 Total
2002	\$	8,336,747	\$	211,676	\$	2,110,313	\$ 10,658,736
2003		2,903,914		63,500		1,519,849	4,487,263
2004		5,838,866		312,550		1,109,656	7,261,072
2005		4,834,638		382,639		1,298,599	6,515,876
2006		3,649,858		133,282		397,840	4,180,980
2007		6,024,276		310,490		2,337,343	8,672,109
2008		6,355,797		215,430		2,536,779	9,108,006
2009		7,323,012		215,327		2,657,911	10,196,250
2010		6,932,013		323,818		3,353,557	10,609,388
2011		9,535,438		532,823		3,385,378	13,453,639

Tax Capacities and Estimated Market Values Last Ten Fiscal Years

For Taxes			Tax Ca Fiscal D		Total Direct	Estimated	Percentage Total Tax Capacity of Estimated			
Collectible	Agricultural	Non-Agricultural	Contribution	Distribution	Tax Increment		Total	Tax Rate	Market Value	Market Value
2002	\$ 59,308	\$ 18,823,552	\$ (1,905,545)	\$ 2,031,010	\$ (2,348,176)	\$	16,660,149	16.824	\$ 1,530,821,500	1.09 %
2003	80,898	20,701,199	(2,031,456)	2,188,737	(2,797,214)		18,142,164	14.565	1,725,871,000	1.05
2004	78,201	23,037,037	(2,233,100)	2,381,264	(1,243,606)		22,019,796	10.032	1,957,405,600	1.12
2005	119,659	25,837,109	(2,381,465)	2,416,504	(1,367,636)		24,624,171	7.793	2,220,321,700	1.11
2006	135,971	29,650,251	(2,553,746)	2,615,750	(2,010,301)		27,837,925	17.796	2,554,381,600	1.09
2007	102,354	32,506,513	(2,750,325)	2,818,984	(2,206,874)		30,470,652	16.607	2,791,586,500	1.09
2008	90,937	33,970,218	(3,166,165)	3,303,563	(2,402,315)		31,796,238	19.764	2,885,381,800	1.10
2009	103,720	34,600,216	(3,502,411)	3,645,662	(2,494,099)		32,353,088	19.303	2,910,481,100	1.11
2010	100,890	32,486,454	(3,760,334)	3,860,888	(2,380,830)		30,307,068	21.795	2,697,857,700	1.12
2011	89,207	30,733,443	(3,813,453)	4,128,921	(2,112,612)		29,025,506	24.679	2,541,648,200	1.14

Note: Tax capacity is calculated by applying class rates for specific property classifications (residential, commercial, etc.) to the assessed market value. Class rates are periodically changed by the state.

Source: School Tax Report from the Minnesota Department of Education

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Collection Year	ISD No. 199	City of Inver Grove Heights	Dakota County	Other	Total
Control 1 car	100 110.199		Danota County		
2002	16.824	44.637	33.102	5.021	99.584
2003	14.565	40.890	32.463	5.225	93.143
2004	10.032	39.904	30.300	4.925	85.161
2005	7.793	37.347	28.267	4.907	78.314
2006	17.796	35.546	26.318	4.616	84.276
2007	16.607	36.514	25.127	4.416	82.664
2008	19.764	37.403	25.184	4.393	86.744
2009	19.303	37.878	25.821	4.328	87.330
2010	21.795	41.757	27.269	4.421	95.242
2011	24.679	43.169	29.149	4.644	101.641

Note 3: District rates do not include the referendum, which is spread on the District's referendum market value.

Source: Dakota County Auditor

Note 1: Tax rates are per one dollar of tax capacity.

Note 2: The tax capacity rate applied to an individual property is the sum of the applicable school district, city, county, and other taxing entity tax rates. The majority of the District is in the City of Inver Grove Heights, which is the rate used above. The "other" taxing entities include: Metropolitan Council, Mosquito Control, and Metropolitan Transit.

Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Six Years Ago

		2011				2005			
Taxpayer	Type of Property	Та	x Capacity	Rank	Percentage of Total Tax Capacity	Т	ax Capacity	Rank	Percentage of Total Tax Capacity
Great Northern Oil Company	Utility	\$	1,454,502	1	4.72 %	\$	1,058,790	1	4.08 %
Xcel Energy	Utility		1,023,094	2	3.32		997,814	2	3.84
Koch Refining Company (aka Flint Hills Resources)	Refining		813,797	3	2.64		367,873	4	1.42
I&G Southview, LLC	Apartments		396,501	4	1.29		368,750	3	1.42
Lake Cove Village Apartments	Apartments		325,554	5	1.06		337,568	6	1.30
PHM Inver Grove, Inc.	Apartments		322,244	6	1.05		339,072	5	1.31
Vansouth Limited Partnership	Distribution center		284,700	7	0.92		209,348	9	0.81
Farmers Union Central Exchange	Farm supplies/services		258,676	8	0.84		274,670	7	1.06
Salem Green Limited Partnership	Apartments		244,927	9	0.79		225,000	8	0.87
Brentwood Hills Limited Partnership	Apartments		218,400	10	0.71		_	_	_
Private individual	Apartments			_			193,750	10	0.75
Total		\$	5,342,395		17.33 %	\$	4,372,635		16.86 %

Note: Information for years prior to 2005 is not available.

Source: Dakota County

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Collected With Year of th		Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Ended December 31,	Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2002	\$ 4,765,742	\$ 4,760,077	99.88 %	\$ 3,337	\$ 4,763,414	99.95 %	
2003	6,300,698	6,253,308	99.25	44,355	6,297,663	99.95	
2004	6,153,857	6,115,456	99.38	34,930	6,150,386	99.94	
2005	5,768,616	5,722,850	99.21	43,601	5,766,451	99.96	
2006	8,871,333	8,788,542	99.07	75,619	8,864,161	99.92	
2007	9,335,736	9,231,277	98.88	93,514	9,324,791	99.88	
2008	10,433,109	10,292,351	98.65	122,637	10,414,988	99.83	
2009	10,645,460	10,504,703	98.68	98,010	10,602,713	99.60	
2010	11,129,562	10,980,962	98.66	48,727	11,029,689	99.10	
2011 (1) 11,565,988	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

N/A – Not Applicable

Source: Dakota County Department of Property Tax and Public Records

Only a portion of the calendar year 2011 taxes are collected by June 30, 2011. A total of \$4,974,000 of 2011 taxes were collected by June 30, 2011.

Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

		Government								
Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Other		Other		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per (Capita (1)
2002	\$ 16,505,000	\$ -	\$	251,222	\$ 16,756,222	1.68 %	\$	555		
2003	15,700,000	344,366		228,736	16,273,102	1.59		540		
2004	14,850,000	346,570		206,250	15,402,820	1.46		502		
2005	13,955,000	209,883		193,750	14,358,633	1.28		462		
2006	39,805,000	188,390		181,250	40,174,640	3.36		1,248		
2007	39,105,000	176,035		168,750	39,449,785	3.07		1,188		
2008	38,310,000	159,924		156,250	38,626,174	2.80		1,149		
2009	46,530,000	380,000		143,750	47,053,750	3.38		1,387		
2010	45,380,000	469,622		131,250	45,980,872	2.83		1,349		
2011	50,620,000	243,228		118,750	50,981,978	3.14		1,505		

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Tax Capacity and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Less			Percentage of of Net Debt to		
Year Ended	Gross	Debt Service	Net Bonded	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Net Bonded
June 30,	Bonded Debt	Funds on Hand	Debt	Market Value	Market Value	Population	Debt per Capita
2002	\$ 16,505,000	\$ 7,166,359	\$ 9,338,641	\$ 1,530,821,500	0.61 %	30,201	\$ 309
2003	15,700,000	7,504,447	8,195,553	1,725,871,000	0.47	30,150	272
2004	14,850,000	7,382,990	7,467,010	1,957,405,600	0.38	30,708	243
2005	13,955,000	7,515,590	6,439,410	2,220,321,700	0.29	31,053	207
2006	39,805,000	306,832	39,498,168	2,554,381,600	1.55	32,193	1,227
2007	39,105,000	347,678	38,757,322	2,791,586,500	1.39	33,195	1,168
2008	38,310,000	498,963	37,811,037	2,885,381,800	1.31	33,608	1,125
2009	46,530,000	590,200	45,939,800	2,910,481,100	1.58	33,917	1,354
2010	45,380,000	623,086	44,756,914	2,697,857,700	1.66	34,086	1,313
2011	50,620,000	671,292	49,948,708	2,541,648,200	1.97	33,880	1,474

Sources: Tax capacity information – School Tax Report from the Minnesota Department of Education Population estimates from the City of Inver Grove Heights' comprehensive annual financial report

Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2011

Governmental Unit	Gross Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percent Allocable to ISD No. 199	Portion Allocable to ISD No. 199	
Independent School District No. 199	\$ 50,620,000	100.00 %	\$ 50,620,000	
Overlapping debt				
Dakota County	482,839,640	6.45	31,134,949	
City of Inver Grove Heights	60,753,847	64.25	39,035,076	
City of Rosemount	23,285,000	5.78	1,345,081	
City of South St. Paul	13,411,000	0.52	69,979	
Metropolitan Council	255,290,000	0.70	1,794,944	
Total overlapping debt			73,380,028	
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 124,000,028	

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents of the District. The percentage is estimated taking the taxable market value of the overlapping government within the District's boundaries divided by the overlapping government's total taxable market value.

Source: Dakota County

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year						
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt limit	\$ 229,623,225	\$ 258,880,650	\$ 293,610,840	\$ 333,048,255	\$ 383,157,240	\$ 418,737,975	\$ 432,807,270	\$ 436,572,165	\$ 404,678,655	\$ 381,247,230
Total net debt applicable to limit	9,338,641	8,195,553	7,467,010	6,439,410	39,498,168	38,757,322	37,811,037	45,939,800	44,756,914	49,809,221
Legal debt margin	\$ 220,284,584	\$ 250,685,097	\$ 286,143,830	\$ 855,178,153	\$ 343,659,072	\$ 379,980,653	\$ 394,996,233	\$ 390,632,365	\$ 359,921,741	\$ 331,438,009
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	4.07%	3.17%	2.54%	1.93%	10.31%	9.26%	8.74%	10.52%	11.06%	13.06%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fi	scal Year 2011
Market value	\$ 2,541,648,200
Debt limit (15% of market value)	381,247,230
Debt applicable to limit	
General obligation bonds	50,620,000
Less amount set aside for repayment of	
general obligation debt	(810,779)
Total net debt applicable to limit	49,809,221
Legal debt margin	\$ 331,438,009

Note: Under state finance law, the District's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total market property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Source: Market value – School Tax Report from the Minnesota Department of Education

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

ISD No. 199 City of Inver Grove Heights (1) Fiscal Year Personal Per Capita Unemployment School Ended June 30, Population Income Personal Income Rate Enrollment 2002 30,201 \$ 998,414,859 \$ 33,059 3.3 % 4,028 2003 30,150 1,021,934,250 33,895 3.9 3,951 2004 30,708 1,053,130,860 34,295 4.3 3,888 2005 31,053 1,120,330,134 36,078 3.9 3,821 2006 32,193 1,196,420,652 37,164 3.5 3,774 2007 33,195 1,286,339,445 38,751 3.6 3,813 2008 33,608 1,379,070,672 41,034 4.2 3,742 2009 33,917 1,391,750,178 41,034 5.0 3,812 2010 34,086 1,623,345,750 47,625 7.4 3,867 2011 33,880 1,621,598,440 47,863 6.3 3,766

⁽¹⁾ The source is the City of Inver Grove Heights' comprehensive annual financial reports. Date is from the calendar year ending within the District's indicated fiscal year.

Principal Employers Current Year and Six Years Ago

2011 2005 Percentage Percentage of Total City of Total City **Employment Employment** Employer **Employees** Rank **Employees** Rank 840 Cenex/CHS Cooperatives 1,000 5.02 % 1 4.10 % 1 Independent School District No. 199 442 2 2.16 472 2 2.35 Travel Tags 430 3 2.10 350 3 1.76 Inver Hills Community College 425 4 2.07 343 4 1.72 **Evergreen Industries** 300 5 300 5 1.50 1.46 Wal-Mart 275 6 1.34 270 6 1.36 Allied Waste Services (aka BFI Waste Services) 140 7 0.68 140 7 0.70 Southview Chevrolet 135 8 8 0.68 0.66 135 Lofton Label, Inc. 133 9 0.65 City of Inver Grove Heights 128 10 0.62 9 130 0.65 Inver Grove Ford 100 10 0.50 3,248 15.84 % 3,240 16.24 % Total

Note: Information prior to 2005 is not available.

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development

Employees by Classification Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Employees (1)	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
District directors/superintendent	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Principals	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Teachers	250	248	254	256	257	255	254	248	240	232
Coordinators, supervisors,										
specialists, and technical support	50	50	48	48	48	48	48	47	46	46
Paraprofessionals	75	65	72	79	79	81	83	84	84	86
Food service	29	29	29	28	27	27	22	24	24	23
Custodians	26	26	26	26	26	26	25	23	23	23
Community education leads										
and assistants	34	36	28	27_	24	24	24	24	24	24
Total	473	463	465	472	469	469	464	458	449	442

Source: The District's Human Resources Department

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is a head count based on contract groups; if an employee has multiple contract groups, they are reflected multiple times. Full and part-time employees count the same.

Operating Indicators Standardized Testing and Graduation Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

				F	iscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Standardized tests									
MCA reading (1)									
Grade 3	80 %	75 %	81 %	81 %	82 %	76 %	82 %	72 %	81 %
Grade 5	87	77	83	78	78	81	81	80	89
Grade 7	Not tested	69	74	57	67	59	58	66	75
Grade 10	85	87	85	69	73	74	33	76	74
MCA math (1)									
Grade 3	73	74	79	75	76	75	81	77	78
Grade 5	83	77	82	60	64	73	69	68	68
Grade 7	Not tested	63	75	46	60	61	60	69	58
Grade 11	91	81	88	39	44	51	50	48	56
ACT									
Average composite score	21.9	22.6	21.5	22.0	22.3	22.7	23.1	23.4	22.6
Graduation data									
District graduation rates	96	98	97	97	97	97	98	97	95
State graduation rate	88	89	90	91	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Post graduation student survey									
Four-year college/university	47	48	48	46	47	52	50	47	51
Two-year college	23	23	19	31	27	25	28	23	27
Vocational/technical college	20	18	16	14	16	15	14	11	7
Employment	7	4	7	5	5	2	1	3	4
Military	3	2	3	2	2	1	3	5	3
No response/undecided	_	5	7	2	3	5	4	11	8
-	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

N/A - Not available

(1) Percent of students scoring at or above proficiency on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment Test.

Note: Information prior to 2003 is not readily available

Source: State graduation rate obtained from the Minnesota Department of Education

School Facilities as of June 30, 2011

Facility	Year Constructed	Years of Addition	Grades Housed	Square Footage
Simley High School	1971	1998	7–12	192,836
Inver Grove Heights Middle School	1959	1962 1967 1980 1990 1997 2009	6–8	180,558
Hilltop Elementary School	1964	1968 2007	K-5	83,611
Pine Bend Elementary School	1958	1960 1991 2009	K-5	73,425
Salem Hills Elementary School	1953	1964 1986 1987 1988 2009	K-5	51,596

Source: The District's Buildings and Grounds Department

Expenditures per Student (Average Daily Membership) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2002 2003 2004 2005 2009 2010 2011 2006 2007 2008 Administration \$ 338 \$ 362 \$ 387 \$ 390 \$ 391 \$ 430 \$ 387 \$ 512 \$ 357 \$ 364 District support services 188 204 223 251 254 271 285 305 254 251 Elementary and secondary regular instruction 3,266 3,743 3,930 4,073 4,028 4,049 4,351 5,531 4,237 4,264 Vocational education instruction 20 34 32 35 43 56 110 128 99 85 1,500 1,634 1,782 1,812 1,922 2,036 2,371 1,851 1,989 Special education instruction 2,245 Instructional support services 551 435 514 535 677 606 646 822 603 657 Pupil support services 625 647 672 733 794 755 790 953 843 906 Sites and buildings 920 1,198 1,071 965 1,269 1,258 1,305 1,427 1,156 1,213 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 37 36 43 45 45 44 27 21 22 24 Food service 349 376 397 422 424 429 449 485 426 436 Community service 483 490 486 492 486 491 536 640 570 578 Capital outlay 40 19 23 680 5,792 2,438 567 17 1,132 489 657 Debt service 740 468 477 594 688 764 918 1,017 Total expenditures 9,058 \$ 9,647 \$ 10,014 10,264 11,608 16,873 14,257 14,526 11,354 12,916 Average daily membership 4,028 3,951 3,888 3,821 3,774 3,813 3,742 3,812 3,867 3,766

Note: Includes all governmental fund expenditures.

Source: Average daily membership (ADM) - the District's ADM Summary Report from the Minnesota Department of Education

Demographic Statistics – Student Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

Average Daily Membership (ADM) (for Students Served and Tuition Paid)

Year Ended June 30,	Handicapped and Pre-Kindergarten	Kindergarten	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Total Pupil Units
2002	46.68	235.54	1,727.30	2,018.64	4,028.16	4,686.34
2003	52.82	204.24	1,647.48	2,046.35	3,950.89	4,625.64
2004	55.96	262.87	1,641.44	1,927.26	3,887.53	4,498.28
2005	47.54	231.75	1,659.18	1,882.03	3,820.50	4,434.85
2006	53.07	254.66	1,617.59	1,848.33	3,773.65	4,364.85
2007	59.41	206.90	1,672.27	1,874.39	3,812.97	4,442.62
2008	62.32	219.58	1,662.39	1,797.82	3,742.11	4,350.75
2009	61.77	237.74	1,739.35	1,773.42	3,812.28	4,414.52
2010	65.48	259.72	1,805.21	1,737.01	3,867.42	4,454.46
2011	57.75	208.65	1,755.35	1,744.39	3,766.14	4,372.69

Note 1: Enrollment information from the District's ADM Summary Report by the Minnesota Department of Education. ADM is estimated for the most recent year.

Note 2: Beginning in 2004, the ADM that can be generated by a single student for general education aid is capped at 1.0 ADM. Enrollment for 2003 and earlier is presented under the "old law" (capped at 1.5 ADM per student).

Note 3: ADM is weighted as follows in computing pupil units:

	Pre-Kindergarten	Handicapped Kindergarten	Kindergarten	Elementary 1–3	Elementary 4–6	Secondary
Fiscal 2002 through 2007 Fiscal 2008	1.250	1.000	0.557	1.115	1.060	1.300
through 2011	1.250	1.000	0.612	1.115	1.060	1.300

Food Service Meals Served and Pricing Last Ten Fiscal Years

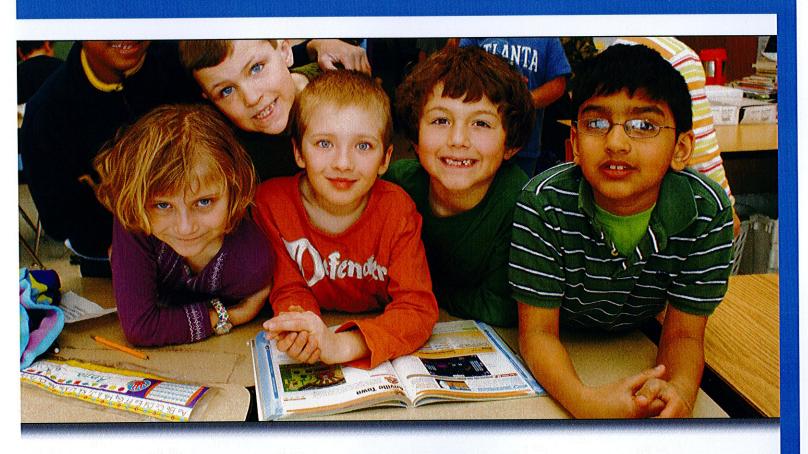
Lunches Served to Students

Year Ended	Regular	Reduced			Lunches
June 30,	Priced Lunches	Price Lunches	Free Lunches	Total	Served to Adults
2002	332,807	31,118	61,604	425,529	9,243
2003	313,604	28,705	70,348	412,657	9,926
2004	300,887	30,584	79,048	410,519	10,808
2005	305,327	27,769	80,901	413,997	10,740
2006	298,181	25,547	88,633	412,361	10,974
2007	306,726	30,683	97,896	435,305	10,679
2008	314,251	31,132	101,052	446,435	11,984
2009	307,039	31,513	113,241	451,793	10,282
2010	291,276	34,367	140,101	465,744	8,537
2011	275,733	38,955	148,044	462,732	6,540

Student Regular Lunch Prices

Year Ended	Regular Pric	ed Lunches	Reduced	Adult Lunches
June 30,	Elementary	Secondary	Price Lunches	
2002	1.40	1.50/1.55	0.40	2.55
2003	1.40	1.50/1.55	0.40	2.55
2004	1.40	1.50/1.55	0.40	2.55
2005	1.40	1.50/1.55	0.40	2.55
2006	1.40	1.50/1.55	0.40	2.55
2007	1.50	1.60/1.65	0.40	2.70
2008	1.50	1.60/1.65	0.40	2.70
2009	1.65	1.75/1.80	0.40	2.85
2010	1.65	1.75/1.80	0.40	3.00
2011	1.65	1.75/1.80	0.40	3.10

Source: The District's Food Service Department











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